THE NEW YORK HERALD.

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IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

The New Administration in Consultation.

THE FIRST MEETING OF THE NEW CABINET

AFFAIRS AT FORT SUMTER.

Interesting Debate in the Senate on the Inaugural.

Speeches of Messrs. Wigfall, Douglas and Mason.

Visit of the Diplomatic Corps to President Lincoln.

THE STRUGGLE FOR THE SPOILS.

The Candidates for Prominent Positions Under the Government.

Speech of Mr. Crittenden on Our National Difficulties.

THE NEW TARIFF, &c., &c., &c.

AFFAIRS AT FORT SUMTER.

WASHINGTON, March 7, 1861.

A despatch was received here to-day stating that an attack on Sumter was shortly anticipated. This change of policy, it is understood, is not caused so much by the Inaugural as from the fact that Chase and Blair are members of President Lincoln's Cabinet. The Inaugural, taken in connection with the construction of the Cabinet, is regarded as a declaration of war. So says the intelligence just received from Charleston.

I am informed by an officer of the army that information has been received from Major Anderson to the effect that it is useless to send less than twenty thousand soldiers to Charleston. Less than that number cannot enter the harbor and destroy the batteries on either side. This information, it is said, is also in possession of the government.

The Charleston *Courier* of the 5th inst. states that Brigadier General Beauregard has expressed perfect confidence, after viewing the fortifications in Charleston harbor, that Fort Sumter can be reduced. He says that it is only a question of time.

WASHINGTON, March 7, 1861.

The War Department to-day received letters from Major Anderson dated the 4th, but they contain nothing of especial importance. The most friendly feelings exist between him and the South Carolina authorities. Postal facilities are still open to him, and privileges of marketing, to a limited extent, continue.

THE COMMISSIONERS FROM THE CONFEDERATE STATES.

WASHINGTON, March 7, 1861.

An informal communication was borne by a distinguished Senator to the State Department to-day, touching the mission from the Confederate States. In the event of [illegible] the Commissioners, they are instructed to retire and return at once to their government, when hostile relations will at once exist.

The Southern confederacy desire to cultivate peaceful relations with the present administration, but are prepared for the exigency of war if this government so will it.

THE NEW ADMINISTRATION.

WASHINGTON, March 7, 1861.

The Cabinet officers severally took charge of the departments to-day. At one o'clock the first formal Cabinet meeting was held, and lasted two hours. The President immediately after closed his doors against all visitors until eight o'clock, notwithstanding he had appointments with a large number of personal friends and distinguished citizens from different parts of the country.

This fact gave currency to numerous reports, which spread like wildfire through the city. Everybody was on tip toe to know whether the nomination of Crittenden was withdrawn, some of the radical republicans having caucussed last night against him; whether Sumter was to be reinforced, and the captured property of the United States in the secession States was to be retaken, or whether Mr. Lincoln was preparing a new batch of appointments, or issuing a warrant for the arrest of Crawford and the other representatives who are here claiming to be accredited from an independent confederacy created by Southern States within the Union of the United States. In short, all sorts of speculations were indulged in. There is no doubt that among other things the Cabinet had under consideration the present state of the postal affairs of the country, and especially in the seceding States. The reorganization of the government by removing as soon as possible all the representatives of the Buchanan administration, and filling their places by new appointments, was also a subject of discussion. There is no doubt but the absorbing question was the consideration of the country South, especially with reference to Texas and the free navigation of the Mississippi, and the propriety of issuing a proclamation for an extra session of Congress; but it is not known what conclusion was arrived at, if any.

An effort is making by the administration to avoid calling an extra session of Congress. It will not be done unless it is found to be actually necessary. This looks like peace.

The President intends to fill the existing vacancies in the government before the Senate adjourns, as it cannot be done in the recess. There are a large number of this class in the navy, army and civil departments of the government. Other appointments will be made as soon after the Senate adjourns as is consistent with the other duties of the administration. All applications will be referred to the heads of the several departments to which they belong, and they will be held responsible for a faithful distribution of the patronage, without governing their judgment by relationship, friendship or personal spites. The President says he shall see to that himself.

CALL OF THE DIPLOMATIC BODY ON THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, March 7, 1861.

The diplomatic corps, in full costume, this afternoon paid an official visit to the President, by previous arrangement, as is customary on the incoming of a new administration. They were accompanied by Secretary Seward to the White House, who first presented to the President Commander Figaniere, the Minister from Portugal, and the longest in diplomatic position in this country, who made an address in French, a translation of which had previously been furnished to Mr. Lincoln. It was of a complimentary character, and expressive of the good will and feelings of their respective governments towards that of the United States, and for the success of the administration. All the diplomatic corps, he said, entertained the best wishes for the peace and prosperity of the country and for a continuance of the friendly feelings now existing. The President briefly replied with much warmth, heartily reciprocating, both officially and personally, the friendly sentiments expressed.

The commander, Figaniere, then introduced, respectively, the other foreign Ministers, and then the several foreign Secretaries of Legation. This part of the ceremonies having been concluded, the members of the Cabinet, by invitation, entered the reception room, and were introduced to the diplomatic corps. Mrs. Lincoln was afterwards presented, and for some minutes there was a general and unrestrained social conversation.

APPOINTMENTS UNDER THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

WASHINGTON, March 7, 1861.

It is understood that Chas. Francis Adams is to succeed Mr. Dallas at the Court of St. James. Fessenden and Corwin have both been spoken of in the same connection.

There has been a fierce onslaught made upon President Lincoln to-day by the radical republican Senators and members against the appointment of Senator Crittenden to the Supreme bench. It was positively determined yesterday to send this appointment to the Senate to-day. Whether he has yielded to the radicals remains to be seen. There was an almost universal feeling of approbation among all conservative men here when it was given out by certain members of the Cabinet. It was regarded as a grand stroke of policy, and as one that would be received as a peaceful construction of the Inaugural. It is now asserted that Secretary Holt's name will be substituted for that of Crittenden. This is the last dodge.

Lieutenant Governor Goodrich, of Massachusetts, will be Collector of the port of Boston. The whole Congressional delegation in caucus have agreed to present him as the best man for the place. All other Massachusetts appointments are to be held within the State. They decline to act upon them until some time next week, when they will meet in Boston for that purpose.

Geo. W. McLellan, of Cambridge, Mass., has been appointed Second Assistant Postmaster General under Mr. Blair.

Wm. L. Dayton, of New Jersey, is spoken of and urged by many of the republican leaders for the mission to England.

Colonel Fremont, who was on his way to Europe, stands a good chance to be appointed Minister to France.

Carl Schurz, of Wisconsin, will be clothed with the powers of a first class mission to Sardinia.

The President did not send any appointments to the Senate to-day. Hence that body held no executive session to-day, and Judd, Kasson and Kreisman still lay in the Senate unconfirmed.

Mr. E. S. Cleveland, of Hartford, Conn., who accompanied Mr. Welles, Secretary of the Navy, to Washington, returns to Connecticut, accepting no office under Mr. Welles.

A. B. McCalmont, Assistant Attorney General of the United States, tendered his resignation to Mr. Bates upon his assuming the control of that department of the government. The Attorney General politely requested Mr. McCalmont to continue to serve as Assistant until his successor was appointed, which Mr. McCalmont consented to do.

John Defrees, of Indiana, has been appointed Superintendent of Public Printing.

John A. Jones, of Illinois, was to-day appointed Superintendent of Statistics in the State Department, vice H. C. McLaughlin.

Nothing definite has transpired in regard to the New York appointments. They are awfully mixed up. New aspirants are springing up hourly. Nearly all the State officers are here pressing their particular favorites. Barney, for Collector; Wakeman, for Surveyor, and Henry Bennet, for Naval Officer, lead their competitors.

The President to-day stated that he intended to fill the vacancies before he made any appointments. There is a large number of appointments which the Senate refused to confirm, made during the last two months of Mr. Buchanan's administration.

A son of John W. Forney was to-day appointed Second Lieutenant in the marine corps.

Tuck, of New Hampshire, has been tendered the office of Commissioner of Patents. His friends say he will not accept.

The departments were crowded to-day with place seekers from all parts of the Union. The different heads were all subjected to their importunities and received armsfull of applications and recommendations for office during business hours. In the General Post Office the jam was so great as to compel hundreds to wait vainly all day for a hearing by Mr. Blair. Several thousand petitions for postmasterships and mail agencies are already on file.

Senator Lane, of Indiana, is untiring in his efforts to provide for his needy friends. His great, gaunt form frequently darkens the doors of the President and members of the Cabinet. But he is not always successful. Last night, on presenting a monster petition, signed by nearly all Hoosierdom, in favor of the appointment of Ew'd. C. Lumback as Minister to Berlin, he was a little surprised to hear from Mr. Lincoln that the post had already been assigned to Judd, who, to use the President's own words, was, although not the oldest, yet so devoted and self sacrificing a friend as to make the distinction of an early nomination to that mission a well due tribute. Better success will probably crown the Indiana Senator's appeals in behalf of Thos. H. Nelson, the well known republican American of Terre Haute, for the Brazilian mission. Nelson is strongly backed by republican leaders of Western States. Cassius M. Clay has written a letter urging his appointment.

Schurz's chances for the Sardinian mission are improving.

Burlingame is said to have withdrawn, but the report is hardly credible.

F. Hassaureck, of Cincinnati, is up for Minister to Switzerland. He is endorsed by Chase and most of the Ohio leaders, who say that he has done as much as, if not more than, Schurz for the cause.

Robert C. Schenck will consent to be Minister to Paris, if not elected to the Senate by the Ohio Legislature.

Captain Cook, of Illinois, is anxious to be Consul at Valparaiso.

Wm. B. Dole, of Illinois, is a prominent applicant for Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Judge Davis supports his claims.

Wm. H. Wallace will be Governor of Washington Territory.

Dr. Jayne, Senator Trumbull's brother-in-law, is unanimously recommended by the republican Congressmen of Illinois for Governor of Dacotah.

Col. Thomas, of Carson Valley, and Gen. Larimer, are the probable Governors of Nevada and Colorado Territories.

Dr. Evans, of Chicago, will be Governor of Nebraska.

Ex-M. C. Theaker, of Ohio, and Dr. Chaffer, of Springfield, are leading candidates for Commissioner of Patents.

A remarkably large number of California office hunters are here, attending to their respective interests with much industry. Ira P. Rankin will be Collector of Customs at San Francisco, and Jos. A. Nunes Surveyor General.

Dr. Blakely, of Sacramento, is working faithfully for the Honolulu Consulship.

SPEECH OF SENATOR CRITTENDEN ON THE UNION.

WASHINGTON, March 7, 1861.

A large number of the citizens of Washington, and others, desiring to testify their respect and high appreciation of the services of the venerable statesman, Mr. Crittenden, they this evening, accompanied by a full band of music, waited upon him at his quarters, and tendered him a serenade. After one or two stirring airs from the band, he made his appearance and addressed those assembled as follows:—

FELLOW CITIZENS OF WASHINGTON—I am most happy to meet you. I have been with you so much in the course of my life that I feel quite at home in your presence. I feel that I am with you as a neighbor and a friend. (Applause.) I am about to quit the public service, and about to be separated from you. That separation, I assure you, gives me pain and concern. Not that I regret the loss of public life, but that I regret the separation from associations to which I have been so long used and accustomed. You have been always respectful and kind to me. I wish I could call to mind many more services that I had rendered you. I beg you, however, to believe that it has not been from want of any good will on my part. I have owed you nothing but obligation from my first acquaintance and intercourse with the city of Washington, and it has been a long one—longer than the years that many of you have lived. It is time that I should quit the public service. I can quit that without regret. I can look to my distant home in the West as the place of repose and leisure which I look to now with more interest than ever did to any public employment. I shall always remember you. I shall always remember my country and its great interests. (Applause.) As long as I have power to do it service, I shall be proud to perform that duty. (Applause.) In private or in public life the duties of a man are the same. By this I mean, not that his principles are the same, but that his duties to his country, to his neighbor and his friend, are always the same, everywhere and in whatever condition he may be. (Applause.) I have sought in my public life for nothing but to do my duty. The proudest reward that I have ever hoped for was the approval of my countrymen. (Applause.) You are now giving me evidence that I have not indulged that hope in vain. You are giving me this proud and gratifying token that you think I have served my country at least faithfully and well. (Loud applause.) And for this approval on your part I make to you my most sincere and cordial acknowledgments. I seek nothing from my countrymen now but their good will—but their approval. (Cries of "You have that [illegible]

[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS WASHINGTON ITEMS.

[illegible]

UNITED STATES SENATE.

EXTRA SESSION.

[illegible]

THE NEW TARIFF.

[illegible]

CARL SCHURZ IN A HURRY FOR A FOREIGN MISSION.

[illegible]

Wisconsin, demanding to be made a commissioner in the Peace Convention, as follows, viz:—

"Send Commissioners; me one of them, [illegible] our side."

Mr. Schurz is barely a citizen of the United States. He is an exile from Austria, said to have fled his country to avoid a prosecution for aiding and abetting the escape of prisoners.

SEWARD'S PEACE POLICY.

[Washington correspondence of Charleston Mercury.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28, 1861.

Seward's Grand Plan of Reconstruction.

The patchwork compromise has not passed yet, nor is it likely to do so. Indeed, the chances are quite the other way. Seward himself seems to be opposed to it. So likewise the straightest Southern men in both houses. Seward's idea, as I hear from a reliable source, is to have no settlement while Buchanan is in power. The moment he is dethroned peace will be proclaimed, and the honor of saving the country will redound, not to the republicans, but to the new Union party which Seward is forming, with the help of Bell and Douglas, Letcher and Botts. Peace restored, and the Confederate States recognized, the next step will be to call a National Convention. This Convention will remodel the whole structure of the government in such a way as to bring back the seceded States, and place the Union on a permanent and enduring foundation. Such is the grand project which Seward contemplates. What is to become of the "irrepressible conflict" between free and slave society he has not vouchsafed to inform us.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The admirers of Verdi's charming opera, "Un Ballo in Maschera," will not forget that it is to be given for the very last time this evening. On Saturday, for the *matinee d'adieu*, "Linda" will be sung with Miss Kellogg as the heroine.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—To-morrow evening there will be a grand gala performance at the Brooklyn Academy, for the benefit of Miss Hinkley. Madame Colson will make her first appearance on this occasion in the role of Norma, and will be supported by Miss Hinkley and Signors Stigelli and Susini. The last act of "Rigoletto" will be given afterwards, with Miss Kellogg in the role of Gilda. The attractiveness of the programme and the fact that this will be the last night of the season, will no doubt cause a more than usually full attendance.

The Great Change of Weather.

FREEZING OVER OF THE HUDSON—SNOW SQUALL—STEAMER AGROUND—THE WEATHER BELOW ZERO—STATE OF THE RIVER, ETC.

Since the sudden change of weather on Tuesday noticed in our Hudson river report the following day, it has suddenly grown colder, with the exception of three or four hours on Wednesday afternoon, when the frost abated; but at six o'clock P. M. a sudden squall of snow came on, which brought the thermometer to within a few degrees of zero. The wind was sharp and cold, blowing a gale all night. At different points along the river, from Albany to New York, the squall raged more or less fury. Snow did not fall long at each place, departing as suddenly as it came. It reached Peekskill about fifteen minutes to nine o'clock, and from Rhinebeck to that village exceeded any storm that has pre- [illegible]

Coroners' Office.

[illegible]

Arrivals and Departures.

[illegible]

ARRIVAL OF THE BREMEN.

FIVE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

NO TIDINGS OF THE AUSTRALASIAN.

Judgment in the Sonnapette-Patterson Case Against the American Sonnapettes.

THE GREAT EASTERN GOING TO NORFOLK.

Effect of the American Crisis Upon French Manufacturers.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE, &c., &c., &c.

The arrival of the Bremen, from Southampton on February 20, with the fifty days' news from Europe, appears to be a matter not amiss.

In the domestic news nothing of a startling character has occurred. The Bremen's arrival has been long looked for with the view of entering on the consideration of the delegate Commission of last year on the subject of telegraphic news, and a deputation waited upon the authorities of some length regarding the commutation to bad and good news, and the consideration of the subject of telegraphic news was adjourned by Mr. Hardy upon a point of order, and he undertook himself risk saying that it was a question of the greatest importance to the interests of the country.

On the motion for the appointment of the Select Committee on the Post-office and Inland Telegraph bill, a discussion arose upon the question of the telegraph system and as to whether the company had fulfilled their engagements with the Government and the public, and as to the future management.

The Army and Navy Gazette says—

It is known that Lord Clarendon is confident will shortly be concluded. The same as Clarendon will probably be Minister at Paris, and Lord Cowley will be sent to Madrid and Lord Lyons.

The same journal says—

It has been ascertained that the armaments of the Russian and Black Prince shall consist of Armstrong guns, and that the Prince will carry a complete battery of guns in its forward turret.

The London Gazette says—

The Queen has given her assent to the 200 in operation bill, which provides that the number of persons in Great Britain and Ireland who may be entitled to vote for the Commons shall be increased by the addition of 200 persons, who will be entitled to vote in the boroughs and counties in England and Wales, and in the counties and boroughs in Ireland, in proportion to the population of the counties and boroughs respectively.

The London Daily Mail says—

The Great Eastern is to be launched the first week in March for Norfolk, and will be towed round to Southampton, and, after a day or more, for England, she is expected to be launched in the Thames. The Great Eastern will be towed round to Southampton by Mr. Wilson, Monday, at the office of the Board of Trade, and should not a gentle breeze arise.

The Chronicle, the well known abolitionist journal of London, says—

In spite of the sympathy of the people of Cuba, law and justice will be proved against them, and Samuel Cunard, Esq., M.P., will be found guilty of the crime of Francis Scott Key, and be sent to the Bay of Biscay to the offering him a distance to carry him into Spain.

The London Telegraph of the 19th says that an extraordinary rise in the price of provisions has taken place in the metropolis of London. The cause is the enormous demand for meat, and the enormous stock in the hold.

The London Times says—

It was said that Mr. Gladstone had proposed the tax on the following in the budget—Tea, coffee, cocoa, chicory, which is merely a private proposition, but nevertheless it is a proposition which will be carried into effect. The duties of the Government will be taken off the tax of the necessary articles of the Government, and the duties will be taken off the tax of the necessary articles of the Government, and the duties will be taken off the tax of the necessary articles of the Government, and the duties

7⅜c., and a moderate inquiry prevailed for other kinds at previous prices.

SPICES.—The sales were confined to 15 cases nutmegs at 95c.

SUGARS.—Though the transactions were pretty large prices exhibited no improvement. The sales were 1,800 hhds., mostly Cuba, at 4⅞c. a 5c., and 230 hhds. New Orleans, at auction, at $4 31 a $5 25.

TALLOW.—Sales were made of 12,000 lbs. at steady prices.

WHISKEY was quoted at 17⅛c. a 17¼c., with sales of 600 bbls.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE.

AT SOUTH BERGEN, N. J., OPPOSITE THE REformed Dutch church (Dr. Taylor's), a pleasant and convenient Residence, suitable for persons doing business in this city. The House is three stories, with wing attached, containing in all about fourteen rooms; was built about three years ago in the most substantial manner. Attached is about six lots of ground, well supplied with fruit, shrubbery, and a good garden. The horse railroad cars pass the door every few minutes to and from Jersey City ferries. Terms easy. Inquire on the premises, or of JAMES R. JONES, 12 Maiden Lane.

BARGAINS.—TWO FARMS IN N. J.—50 ACRES, $1,500; 30 acres, splendid buildings, $7,500; one hour from the city, near the depot. 30 acres at Stamford, Conn., very cheap. Must be sold. Terms easy. M. SCHOFIELD, with Arkell & Hunt, 142 Pearl street.

BROOKLYN.—CLINTON AVENUE PROPERTY FOR sale. Six lots, with first class Dwelling House, 45x50, with enclosed piazza, furnace, range, gas, bath and water closet, Ridgewood water, all in complete order; a good stable on premises in rear fronting on Vanderbilt avenue, with water. The garden has an abundance of fruit, such as peaches, cherries, pears, two kinds of grapes, all of which are not to be surpassed in size and quality; ornamental trees of nine years growth of every kind. Apply on the premises, third house southwest of Myrtle avenue, in Clinton avenue, or at 31 Spruce street, New York.

BROOKLYN.—HOUSE IN FORT GREEN PLACE FOR sale, No. 173, near Fulton avenue, finished in modern style with black walnut; bathroom, closet, basins, &c. Location unsurpassed. Apply to EFFINGHAM H. NICHOLS, 19 Nassau street, N. Y.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—WITH 16 acres of excellent land, situated in Westchester county, near the depot, and within 25 minutes' ride of Twenty-seventh street, on the New Haven Railroad. The buildings are new and modern; hot and cold water, bath room, &c.; shade and fruit trees. Will be sold low, or exchanged for a city House or Country seat with less land. Inquire of GREGORY & CO., 23 Bond street, New York.

CHEAP COTTAGES FOR SALE—AT MASPETH, LONG Island, 2½ miles from the Williamsburg ferries. One House and two Lots, $1,200; one House and four Lots, $1,500; one House and ten Lots, $2,500; one House and sixteen Lots, $3,000, on easy terms. Apply to A. RAPELYE, 61 John st.

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN WISCONSIN—Bargains.—Improved, $5; unimproved, $2; wood, water, prairie; near depot; adapted to grain, stock and vines. Part cash; good soil and climate; inducements to settlers. W. W. WETMORE, No. 8 Gold street.

FARMS FOR SALE—CONVENIENT TO THE CITY, near depot, schools and churches, of various sizes, qualities and prices, in good order, buildings, fences and cultivation, and some for exchange. Three fine Country Seats and a valuable Mill Property. SOUTHWICK & WOOD, 82 Nassau street.

FRAME MANSION AND SIX FULL LOTS NEAR corner of Broadway and Fifty-fourth street, for sale or exchange for first class house on Fifth avenue. Also for sale, the large double frame House and six full Lots northwest corner of Third avenue and Seventy-fifth street. W. J. STEWART, 127 Sixth street.

FOR SALE—FOUR LOTS IN EIGHTH STREET, RUNning through to Ninth street, fifty feet on each street, with a three story building on the rear of the Eighth street lot, 25x40. Inquire of ISAAC DINJEE, 361 Eighth street, near ave. D.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST CLASS FOUR STORY brown stone front Houses, with all the modern improvements, finished in the best style, situated on Murray Hill, between Park and Lexington avenues, Nos. 45 and 47 East Thirty-seventh street. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—HOUSE NO. 83 HAMMOND STREET, 3½ story brick, with basement and sub cellar; lot 25x117; house 60x25, containing all modern improvements. For terms inquire of THOMAS PEELE, on the premises.

FOR SALE—NO. 15 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET, the fine large House, four stories, basement and under cellar, with coach house in the rear; stalls for four horses. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE.—$4,100 WILL BUY THE THREE STORY and basement Brick House in South Third street, Williamsburg, No. 123, in good order. Terms easy. Apply to DYE & CURTISS, No. 503 Sixth avenue.

FOR SALE—TWO STRICTLY FIRST CLASS BROWN stone Houses in Phelps place (East Thirtieth street), built by the owner by day's work; size of house 20x52. Also two in Forty-ninth street, first class. The above will be sold below cost. Inquire of WM. PETTIBETCH, 155 East Thirty-second street.

FOR SALE—ON THE HUDSON, A BASEMENT, TWO story and attic House, with six lots, on 151st street; gas and water throughout; good shade and view of the river. Apply to W. H. SILLIMAN, Broadway, corner of Twenty-eighth street.

FOR SALE—A THREE STORY AND ATTIC HOUSE, pleasantly situated, 352 East Broadway, fronting the square. The house is in excellent condition, and will be sold at a reasonable price; three quarters can remain on bond and mortgage to a respectable party. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE.—MURRAY HILL PROPERTY FOR SALE. A strictly first class brown stone front House, Louis XV. style of architecture, No. 12 East Thirty-eighth street, between Fifth and Madison avenues, replete with all the modern improvements, and built by day's work. Persons wishing to purchase would do well to call and examine for themselves. Also, the brown stone front Houses 75 and 77 East Thirty-fourth street, (100 feet street), and 135 and 137 Lexington avenue, all built in the best workmanlike manner. Terms to suit purchasers. Prices low, to suit the times. Apply on the premises from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M., or to MATTHEW BYRNES, 83 East Thirty-second street.

FOR SALE—WITH OR WITHOUT FURNITURE, A three story and attic brick House, in West Eleventh street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, north side, 22½ by 54; lot 103; has always been occupied by the owner; furniture imported from Paris; price of house $12,500. Apply to E. MONLUN, 11 Broad street.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 58 ACRES, SITUATED ON THE King street road, leading out of Rochester, Westchester county, directly opposite D. Brooks' country seat, and in the immediate vicinity of Wilmerding's place; is well stocked with fruit trees, and has upon it a house, barn and coach-house. Price $5,000. Inquire of F. BENNETT, 230 Canal street.

FOR SALE—A TWO STORY AND BASEMENT (NEARly new) House, in perfect order and handsomely finished; has gas and water; pleasantly situated in Yorkville, between Second and Third avenues; street flagged and paved. BIGGS & ROSSITER, 75 Nassau street.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—THE TWO STORY AND attic House, in complete order, 306 Degraw street, near Court, Brooklyn. House 25x30; lot 100 feet deep. A large portion may remain on mortgage if required. Can be seen at any time. For terms apply to G. W. COFFIN, Post office, Nassau street, N. Y.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW TWO STORY AND BASEment brick Houses, with the modern improvements, situated in De Kalb avenue, adjoining the corner of Skillman street, Brooklyn. Inquire of BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO., 227 Washington street, N. Y.

FOR SALE—FIVE NEW THREE STORY AND BASEment brick Houses, with all modern improvements, on the north side of East Sixty-fifth street, between First and Second avenues. Terms easy. Inquire of WM. A. INCH, 161 East Forty-fifth street, or WM. H. DISBROW, 125 East Fifty-third street.

FOR SALE—A FINE FARM OF EIGHTY ACRES, IN Monmouth county, New Jersey, on the Freehold and Jamesburg Railroad; good buildings, best of fruit and marl on it. Apply to A. RAPELYE, 61 John street.

FOR SALE—ON SEVENTH AVENUE, NEAR FOURteenth street, the three story and attic high basement House No. 61 Seventh avenue; terms easy. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—A NEAT FRAME HOUSE, WITH ABOUT half an acre of ground, situated at Rye Neck (Mamaroneck), on the Boston turnpike, twenty-three miles from New York, about an hour's ride by New Haven Railroad, well shaded with maples; plenty of fruit, barn, &c. For particulars apply at the store of John P. Foshay, Mamaroneck, or of E. C. MOSSER, 19 South street, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A VERY HANDSOME MODERN HOUSE, on Thirty-third street; well built, extension room, nice yard, cellar concreted; house in elegant order, frescoed and painted all through. Price $8,500; terms very easy. KINSHIMER, 343 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE IN HOBOKEN—TWO HANDSOME THREE story and cellar brick Houses; lot 100 feet deep; House 50 feet; nearly new; marble mantels, gas and water; price $2,800. Inquire of ROBERT PEELE, 13 Seaview place, Hoboken.

FOR SALE CHEAP—TO CLOSE UP THE BUSINESS of Allen, Stevens & Co., a three story House, with high stoop, basement and sub-cellar, with Philadelphia front and brown stone trimmings, and with all the modern improvements; house 20x42 feet; lot 20x100.5; situated south side of Fifty-fifth street, between Broadway and Eighth avenue. Inquire on the premises of H. E. STEVENS, or of ALLEN, STEVENS & Co., Lumber Dealers, corner Eleventh avenue and Thirty-ninth street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A FARM, 27 ACRES; EXCELlent garden soil; well cultivated, abundance of fruit; good house, barn and tenant house; pleasantly located, three miles from Paterson, N. J., near church and schools. R. SEAMOUR, 20 Pine street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—AN ESTABLISHED BUTter, Cheese and Lard Business, with Horses, Wagons, &c., and other necessary appurtenances, together with a three years' lease. Apply at 36 Harrison street, between 1 and 3 o'clock.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—IN UNION COUNTY, N. J., a Farm of 95 acres, in a high state of cultivation; good house and outbuildings in thorough repair; also a large stock of Cattle and Farming Implements; only 25 miles from New York and three from the depot. For particulars inquire at 98 Henry street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY, a first class country Seat, at Mamaroneck, three quarters of a mile from depot; replete with every modern convenience; furnace, range, bath room, &c.; new buildings, fine stable, &c., and nine acres of ground tastefully laid out in lawn and gravel walks. For further particulars, principals only may apply to WALTER BAKER & CO., 203 Fulton street, from ten to twelve M., or to STEPHEN GRIFFIN, Mamaroneck. If not sold soon, will be sold at public auction—owner going to Europe.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY, lightly encumbered—A beautiful Country Seat, containing all the modern improvements of marble mantels, gas, hot and cold water, bath rooms, water closets, &c., with nine or ten acres of improved land, and splendid greenhouse, containing a choice selection of the rarest fruits and flowers, on the line of one of the principal railroads, in a flourishing manufacturing village. Also a Store, now doing a good business, with an excellent stock of assorted goods. Address P. Coles, Herald office, stating when and where an interview can be had.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—A Farm of 20 acres on Staten Island, near landing and depot, with plain buildings, fruit, water vein, &c. S. EDDY & CO., 61 Liberty street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR MERCHANDISE—An elegant Fifth avenue House and Furniture, Lots in the cities of Brooklyn, Newark, Utica, &c.; Farms in Illinois, Missouri and Wisconsin, on a fair cash basis. Principals only need apply to or address C. L. SMITH, No. 10 Pine street, room 12.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR A MODERATE sized Dwelling House, a Leasehold Property down town. Price $5,000. Call for particulars on KINSHIMER, 343 Fourth avenue.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR A HOUSE AND LOT in this city, a handsome country place, consisting of a good House, Barn and eight acres of Land, with a fine garden, lawn and plenty of fruit. The above is within one hour's ride of New York and within five minutes' ride of the depot. Apply at 85 Seventh avenue, from 1 to 3 P. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A WELL BUILT DOUBLE frame House, containing 11 rooms, an acre of ground well laid out, beautifully situated, fruit trees and well of water on the premises, near salt water, good bathing, at Bath, about 3½ miles from Greenwood Cemetery; stages running direct during the summer almost any hour during the day. For particulars inquire of J. J. MOORE, opposite, or at 115 West street, N. Y.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN BROOKLYN, (LATE WILliamsburg), ten three story new brick Houses, well finished, and at very low prices, situated on Third and Fourth streets, between North Eighth and North Ninth streets. Also, several Frame Dwellings on North Ninth street. 200 Lots for sale or lease; no money required when improvements are made. Apply to S. I. HUNT, 113 Fourth avenue, N. Y., or C. FOWLER, corner of Third and North Ninth streets, Williamsburg.

FOR SALE OR TO LET IN BROOKLYN—TWO THREE story, basement and subcellar brick cottages on Franklin, near De Kalb avenue, with all the modern improvements: piazza front and rear, vestibule doors, heater, hot and cold water; 20 minutes from Fulton ferry; 10 from Peck slip; title perfect; terms very accommodating. Apply on the premises. Possession by the 20th of March if required. O. F. BLEAKNEY.

FOR SALE, TO LET OR EXCHANGE—A FURNISHED Cottage, 36x36, with 1½ acres, located at West Morrisania, on the banks of the Hudson; high ground, well shaded and perfectly healthy; within five minutes' walk of the McComb's Dam bridge, and five minutes of Melrose station; access to it by cars and boat any hour of the day or night; plenty of fruit, strawberries, &c.; new carriage house; ice house filled. For further particulars apply at 116 Wall street. Rent $700. Price $9,000.

FOR SALE, TO LET OR EXCHANGE—FOR CITY PROperty or a good farm near this city, the fine Hotel and Garden, nearly an acre of ground, at New Rochelle, adjoining the depot. Inquire of F. A. POTTER, No. 2 Hanover street, J. P. DECKER, 195 West Twenty-seventh street, or of the owner, on the premises.

FOR SALE, TO LET OR EXCHANGE—THAT LARGE four story, first class English basement House, No. 47 West Twenty-ninth street, containing all the modern improvements. Apply to the owner, 82 West Thirty-second st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—WATER FRONT; THE valuable Water Front on the East river, between Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth streets; favorably located for coal, stone or lumber yards. Inquire of A. O. POILLON, No. 5 Chambers street.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO RENT—ON West Twenty-third street, at a bargain; one of the best locations in the city; terms very easy. Can only be seen by our card of admission. Will sell with or without Furniture. JAS. R. EDWARDS, 277 West Twenty-third street.

HOUSE FOR SALE ON BEDFORD AVENUE, BROOKlyn, 300 feet from Myrtle avenue cars; is well papered and in good order; contains eleven rooms besides cellar; gas, water, bath and choice grape vine. Price $3,800; terms easy. Inquire on the premises, of T. B. ROBERTSON.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—IN EIGHTY-SEVENTH street, between Third and Fourth avenues, marble mantels, and gas and Croton water. Inquire on the premises of James B. Dalton.

HOUSE FOR SALE IN WILLIAMSBURG.—A THREE story brick House, brown stone basement, under cellar, high stoop, marble mantels, gas and fixtures. Will be sold cheap. Terms easy. Inquire on the premises, 55 South Second street.

ILLINOIS LANDS.—ANY PERSON HAVING A NICE stock of dry goods that they are willing to exchange for desirable, well located Illinois Lands will meet a customer by addressing J. M. D., Manhattan Hotel.

TO EXCHANGE—FOR A HOUSE IN THIS CITY worth from $7,000 to $9,000, a fine Lot on Fifty-fourth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, and two on northwest corner of Seventy-fifth street and avenue A, all free of encumbrance. Address Income, Herald office.

THREE BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED HARLEM LOTS for sale, situated in a fast improving part of Harlem and in a good building location. One or more will be sold very cheap, and but little cash required. Apply to D. McELREATY, 416 Third ave.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT A BARGAIN.—MOdern brown stone Dwelling 54 West Twenty-eighth street, one block from Broadway, three story and high stoop basement, 25 feet front by 45 feet; lot 25x100 feet. Two thirds of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for five years. I am determined to sell it. It is as valuable as any city property, and increasing in value. Apply to H. T. GREENWOOD, 78 William street.

WILL EXCHANGE—A GOOD HOUSE IN WEST Thirty-eighth street, four story and basement, with all the modern improvements for tenement property; a good chance for those wishing a good house to live in. Apply at 158 West Thirty-eighth street.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT House, with modern improvements, in a good neighborhood, west of Sixth avenue and below Twenty-third street; price about $8,000 or $9,000. Address, with particulars, H. H., box 157 Herald office.

8TH AVENUE LOTS AT HARLEM FOR SALE—OR exchange for improved city property, or will be sold at a very great sacrifice for cash. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, 1,241 Broadway, near Thirty-first street.

$900 ONLY FOR A FARM OF 45 ACRES; GOOD buildings; terms easy. Also, 60 acres, ditto, $1,000. Also 100 acres, $1,500. These are chances seldom offered—must sell to raise money before 1st April. Inquire at room No. 81 Pacific Hotel, this day.

$2,800 WILL BUY A TWO STORY AND ATTIC House in Myrtle avenue, near Kent, Brooklyn, worth $3,200; mortgage $1,600; will pay a builder to alter for store; also, a lot on Myrtle avenue, opposite Washington park, cheap. Apply to C. BUSH, at Arthur Leary's, 67 Beaver street, N. Y.

$9,500.—FOR SALE, A FOUR STORY AND BASEment high stoop House. Good location and in good repair. Terms easy. Possession May 1. Address Bank, box 100 Herald office.

LOST AND FOUND.

DOG STOLEN—A LARGE BLACK NEWFOUNDLAND; answers to the name of "Romeo;" has some white on his breast and paws, and long curved tail; information in regard to him will be rewarded by applying to or addressing Washington Heights Drug Store, New York.

FOUND—A SMALL SUM OF MONEY IN THE THIRD week of last December. The owner can hear of the same by addressing R. P. F., box 661 Post office.

LOST—ON FEBRUARY 27, A NOTE DRAWN BY WILliam Bradly, of Washington, D. C., in favor of Catherine Gori, dated Nov. 19, 1860, at six months, for $223 96. All persons are cautioned not to negotiate the same, payment having been stopped.

LOST—ON SATURDAY, MARCH 2, A SMALL RED breasted Bird. A suitable reward will be given on its delivery at 43 East Twenty-first street.

LOST—ON THURSDAY, MARCH 7, A BUNCH OF Keys. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at 53 Cedar street, up stairs.

REWARDS.

A REWARD OF ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS WILL be paid for the recovery of the body of an insane gentleman who is supposed to have committed suicide either by drowning himself in the Bronx river, or in some other manner, near Williamsbridge, his hat and shirt having been found in that vicinity. He is about five feet eight inches tall, stout figure, full, florid face, dark eyes, black hair, whiskers and mustache. He has the appearance of being about 37 years of age. Any information relative to the above may be addressed to the office of the Superintendent of Police, in Broome street.

$10 REWARD.—STOLEN, FROM THE PREMISES OF the subscriber, on Sunday night, March 3, a Lamb, two weeks old, of a Chinese sheep. The above reward will be paid to any person who will give information that will lead to the conviction of the thief. WILLIAM REDMOND, South Orange, N. J.

$50 REWARD.—LOST, ON SUNDAY NIGHT, MARCH 3, a Gold Hunting Patent Lever Watch and Chain. The finder will receive the above reward and the thanks of the owner by leaving it at the store, 149 Fulton street.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A GREAT BOOK FOR CANVASSERS.—IT IS SURE TO sell in all parts of the country. Publishing in numbers, at 25 cents each. Apply to D. T. EVANS, 522 Broadway.

BEST FASHION MAGAZINE.—NEARLY 100 ENgravings in the Spring number of MADAME DEMOREST'S QUARTERLY MIRROR OF FASHIONS, only 5 cents, sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of 6 cents; also grand opening of Patterns. Madame Demorest's Magasin des Modes, 473 Broadway. Branches in all the principal cities of the Union and Canada.

FURNITURE.

A BEDROOM SUIT OF ENAMELLED FURNITURE for $25, in all colors, of warranted manufacture. Also solid chestnut Chamber Suits, plain and ornamental, at H. P. FARRINGTON'S, 368 Canal street, opposite Wooster. Established in 1848.

A FAIR PRICE GIVEN FOR SECOND HAND FURniture and Carpets. Apply at 420 Hudson street, corner of Perry. All notes attended to.

ENAMELLED CHAMBER SUITS OF FURNITURE, IN all colors and styles, at wholesale and retail. At $25 and upwards. Also Mattresses and Palliasses. WARREN WARD, 277 Canal street, Four doors east of Broadway.

FURNITURE WANTED.—THE ADVERTISER, BEING about to commence housekeeping, would like to purchase for cash a sufficient quantity of good Furniture, that has been in use but a short time. Any person having it to contemplation to break up housekeeping, and having enough to furnish a four story house, may address Furniture, and leave their communication in the store, 865 Broadway.

FIRST CLASS ENAMELLED FURNITURE, PLAIN decorated and grained; solid walnut and oak sets; Mattresses, Spring Beds, &c. J. W. FISHER & CO., manufacturers, 650 Broadway, between Bleecker and Bond streets.

SCHOOL FURNITURE WANTED.—TWENTY OR THIRty School Desks. Must be of modern style and have been but little used. Apply at 66 West Twenty-fifth street.

MATRIMONIAL.

A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, AGED TWENTY-FIVE, OF means, but a stranger in the city, is desirous of making the acquaintance of an accomplished and handsome young lady or widow, with a view to matrimony. She must not be over 22. Address for one week Charles Latrobe, box 1,060 N. Y. Post office.

MATRIMONIAL.—A YOUNG GENTLEMAN OF EDUcation, who has been absent from the country some time, wishes to form the acquaintance of some young lady, with whom he can unite his fortune. No person who is not sincere in her intentions need answer this. Address Theo. Waldo, N. Y. Post office.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE BOARD OF Aldermen will meet in room No. 11 City Hall, on Monday, 11th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., for the consideration of a petition for the widening and straightening of Broadway between the point of its intersection with Eleventh avenue, at or near 155th street, to its intersection with Tenth avenue, at or near 111th street, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the committee.

TERENCE FARLEY, ⎫ Committee
JOHN RUSSELL, ⎬ on
JOHN H. BRADY, ⎭ Roads.

WM. HITCHMAN, Clerk.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

A GENTLEMAN, WIFE OR TWO SINGLE GENTLEmen can obtain elegantly furnished Rooms, with Board, in a small family, where all the comforts of home may be had. No children or nurses taken. Apply at 85 Montague street, Brooklyn.

A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE AND TWO SINGLE gentlemen can have a choice of handsomely furnished Rooms, with pantries, &c., attached, in a private family, where but few boarders are taken, at 124 Waverley place, between Washington square and Sixth avenue. Dinner at six o'clock. No moving in May.

AT 56 EAST TWENTIETH STREET, CORNER FOURTH avenue, near Gramercy park.—To let, a handsome suit of Rooms, with or without partial Board, suitable for gentlemen desiring permanency. House and location first class.

A HANDSOME PARLOR AND BEDROOM AND SINgle Rooms for gentlemen. Location No. 1 West Twenty-fourth street, opposite Fifth Avenue Hotel.

A PLEASANT SUIT OF FURNISHED OR UNFURnished Rooms to let, with Board, on second floor, to a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen. Location unsurpassed. Terms moderate. References exchanged. Call at 124 West Forty-second street.

A FAMILY HAVING FURNITURE IS DESIROUS OF hiring a House in a good location, where the owner would Board with them. Address R. D., station C Post office.

A GENTLEMAN AND LADY AND SINGLE GENtleman can be accommodated with Rooms and Board at 124 Ninth street, a few doors west of Broadway. House in complete order, with all the modern improvements.

ANY FAMILY WISHING A FIRST CLASS HOUSE UP town, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, where the rent would be mostly taken in board, may address Mason, station D Post office. Unexceptionable references will be required and given.

A FEW GENTLEMEN WHO WOULD ROOM TOgether, or a family, can be accommodated with Board and Rooms; dinner at 6 o'clock. Apply to Mrs. Gregory, 104 East Fourteenth street, opposite the Academy of Music.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET ROOMS OR SUITS of Rooms, with Board, to single gentlemen or gentlemen and wives, where they will find home comforts; house first class, has every modern improvement; pleasantly located, convenient to cars and stages. Call at 112 West Twenty-third street.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR, ON second floor, with one or two Bedrooms, to rent, with Board; also, Rooms for single gentlemen. The house is first class and there will be no moving in May. Apply at 36 West Twelfth street, near Fifth avenue.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO OBTAIN BOARD IN A private French family. Communications, stating accommodations and terms (no others will be noticed), may be addressed P. S. C., Herald office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR A FEW SINGLE GENtlemen may obtain two or three desirable Rooms, with Board, in a private family, by applying at 127 West Sixteenth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues. References given and required.

A FEW BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, WITH FIRST CLASS New England Board, by Mrs. WARD, at 68 West Nineteenth street, corner of Sixth avenue.

A SMALL FAMILY, WHO OWN A HOUSE, WITH THE modern improvements, and therefore are exempt from moving, wish to let several neat and genteelly furnished Rooms with Board. Inquire at 242 Madison street, between Jefferson and Clinton streets.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE AND TWO OR THREE single gentlemen can be accommodated with good Board and pleasant Rooms, on reasonable terms, at 80 East Broadway. House furnished with gas, &c.

A LARGE FRONT AND ADJOINING ROOM, AND A square one back, to let, with Board, to a gentleman and wife, or single gentlemen; hot and cold water and large closets in each. Terms reasonable. Apply at 21 Seventh avenue. No moving in May.

A LARGE, WELL FURNISHED ROOM, WITH GAS, bath room and closets, to let, to one or two gentlemen, with or without Board. Apply at 119 Waverley place, Washington square.

A GENTLEMAN HAVING A HANDSOME FLOOR, with six Rooms, nicely furnished, and every accommodation for housekeeping, would rent them to a gentleman and wife without children, and take partial Board. None but respectable parties need address, stating particulars and references, Henry, box 142 Herald office.

A GENTLEMAN DESIRES TO MAKE PERMANENT arrangements for Board in a strictly private family. Wants a well furnished Room on second floor, containing water and gas, location not above Twenty-third street, west side, and in good location. For satisfactory accommodations a fair price will be paid. Boarding house keepers will please not answer. Address S., box 2,513 Post office.

BOARD.—WANTED, THREE COMMUNICATING FURnished Rooms, with Board, by a lady, two children and two servants, in the upper part of the city, between Tenth and Twenty-fifth streets and Third and Sixth avenues, with dinner at one or two o'clock. Price moderate. References exchanged. Address J. R., box 198 Herald office, with price per week.

BOARD—IN A PRIVATE FRENCH FAMILY, AT 149 East Thirteenth street, four doors below Second avenue; a Sitting and Bedroom and large room on second floor; also, two small Bedrooms, for a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen; references exchanged; dinner at 6 o'clock. French and English spoken.

BOARD.—A FEW SINGLE GENTLEMEN CAN BE accommodated with full or partial Board in a genteel respectable family; location pleasant, convenient to the cars. Apply at 567 Broome street, between Varick and Hudson.

BOARD IN CLINTON PLACE.—A SUIT OF ROOMS on second floor, for a gentleman and wife or for single gentlemen; also a single Room for one or two single gentlemen, and the basement for an office, at 97 Clinton place.

BOARD IN A FIRST CLASS HOUSE.—A FRONT PARlor, with or without Bedroom attached; also, one or two single Rooms, from $4 to $5 each; dinner at 6 o'clock. Apply at 77 St. Mark's place, Eighth street, Broadway; stages pass the door.

BOARD WANTED—WITH TWO UNFURNISHED FRONT Rooms on second floor, for a gentleman and wife. Location Fourth and Eighth avenues and below Twenty-fourth street. Terms $20 a month. Address, with particulars, box 171 Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A LADY AND GENTLEMAN. (Board for lady only), in a small private family, or with a lady living alone, who positively will not take any other boarders; any party having two furnished or unfurnished Rooms, in a house with modern improvements, who wish to reduce expenses, will find a genteel and quiet person by addressing D. E. F., Madison square Post office. Location must be below Twenty-fourth street and between Fourth and Seventh avenues.

BOARD WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, FOR A gentleman, his wife and child, west of Fifth avenue; breakfast only required for the gentleman; terms must be moderate. Address S. L., Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—PERMANENTLY, BY A GENTLEman and wife, at a moderate price, in a private family. Location Bond street, Fourth and Fifth avenues, to Fifteenth street. Address, stating particulars, S. A., Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN, LADY AND child five years old; if in the country, must be within one hour's sail or ride of the city. Please state terms, which must be moderate. Address L. J. T., Herald office.

BOARDING.—A FEW GENTLEMEN AND LADIES can be accommodated with Board at 234 Hudson street.

BOARDING AND LODGING—ECONOMY IN LIVING—A gentleman being obliged to curtail his family expenses, has taken a large and well arranged house, well situated, and with all the modern conveniences, for the purpose of taking a few families and single gentlemen to board; he offers to those in search of a home, combining economy, comfort and respectability, all that they can ask at very moderate prices; the occupants will be very select, and none will be admitted but persons of good standing and respectability. Address C. E., box 126 Herald office.

BROOKLYN.—A BEAUTIFUL SINGLE FRONT ROOM to let, commanding a fine view of the bay, &c., at 243 Hicks street, two minutes from either ferry. Bath, gas, &c. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE and two single gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant Rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Apply at No. 56 State street, between Hicks and Henry. The house has modern improvements. Dinner at 6.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—PLEASANT ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished, suitable for a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen. Location pleasant, five minutes' walk from the South ferry. Dinner at six. Apply at 107 Amity street, South Brooklyn.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—FRONT ROOM AND BEDroom, with closets, on second floor; also two large Rooms on third floor, to let, with Board, to gentlemen and their wives or single gentlemen. Gas and bath. Near to South and Wall street ferries. References exchanged. Apply at 67 State street.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE or single gentlemen can be accommodated with good Rooms and Board at 243 Hicks street, within three minutes' walk of South or Wall street ferry.

CHEAP FURNISHED ROOMS AT THE FRANKFORT House, corner of Frankfort and William streets.—Good Rooms from $1 to $3 per week. Lodgings from 25 cents to 37 cents per night. Open all night. Good restaurant attached.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, Hudson river, forty-five minutes by railroad and steamboat from Chambers street.—Families and single gentlemen can now engage Rooms in the Woodland Park House. This spacious mansion, surrounded by thirty acres of highly picturesque grounds, is beautifully situated on the banks of the Hudson, in the immediate vicinity of Fort Washington and High Bridge. Excellent bathing, boating and fishing; good stabling. Gentlemen engaged in business in town will find this location unsurpassed for convenience, it being only seven miles from Madison square, and accessible at all hours by cars, steamboat and stage. For terms, &c., apply at the Hotel St. Germain, corner of Fifth avenue and Twenty-second street.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS—IN THE HOTEL St. Germain, Fifth avenue, Broadway and Twenty-second street.—Now vacant, a suit of desirable front Rooms, suitable for a large family; also, Rooms for single gentlemen, all with baths attached. Board at table d'hôte, private table, or meals à la carte.

FRENCH BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—ONE OR TWO GENtlemen can obtain good Rooms and Board in a French family. Apply at 196 Clinton street, Brooklyn.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—TO GENTLEMEN, without board; also two Mirrors, 48x84 inches, for sale, at 230 Sullivan street, near Amity.

GOOD BOARD AND FINE APARTMENTS TO LET—in a private French family. Apply at 183 East Thirteenth street, near Second avenue.

HOBOKEN.—SINGLE GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMmodated with large and airy Rooms, or suits of Rooms, with partial Board, in a private family, two minutes' walk of the ferry. Apply at 91 Liberty street.

LARGE HANDSOME ROOMS ON SECOND, THIRD and fourth floors to let, with Board, to single gentlemen, or gentlemen and their wives, furnished or unfurnished. Has all the modern improvements. Location unsurpassed; no moving in May. Call at 54 Seventh avenue, three doors from Fourteenth street.

LODGINGS.—SINGLE ROOMS FROM $1 TO $1 50 A week or 25 cents a night, at 166 Prince street, corner of Thompson. Meals at all hours. Strangers and others will find this a very convenient and quiet place to stop at.

NO. 3 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET, OPPOSITE the Fifth Avenue Hotel, an elegantly furnished Room, suitable for a gentleman and wife, to let, with or without Board, in a new and first class private house, replete with all the modern conveniences. Dinner at six o'clock.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[illegible]

HOTELS.

[illegible]

SEGARS AND TOBACCO.

[illegible]

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

[illegible]

HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., TO LET.

[illegible]

HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., TO LET.

[illegible]

NEW YORK HERALD.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE N. W. CORNER OF FULTON AND NASSAU STS.

Volume XXVI..............................No. 66

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, Fourteenth street.—Italian Opera—Un Ballo in Maschera.

NIBLO'S GARDEN, Broadway.—Jack Cade.

WINTER GARDEN, Broadway, opposite Bond street.—School for Scandal—Katharine and Petruchio.

WALLACK'S THEATRE, Broadway.—Central Park.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE, No. 624 Broadway.—Seven Sisters.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery.—Birthday of Freedom—Forty Thieves—Black Eyed Susan.

UNION THEATRE, Chatham street.—Poacher's Doom—Three Thieves—Widow's Victim.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM, Broadway.—Bears, Sea Lion, and other Curiosities, at all hours—The Drama, Woman in White, at 3 and 7½ o'clock P. M.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS, Mechanics' Hall, 472 Broadway.—Burlesques, Songs, Dances, &c.—Jack Cade.

CANTERBURY MUSIC HALL, 663 Broadway.—Songs, Dances, Burlesques, &c.—Dixie's Land.

MELODEON, No. 539 Broadway.—Songs, Dances, Burlesques, &c.

TWEDDLE HALL, Albany.—Unsworth's Minstrels in Ethiopian Songs, Dances, &c.

New York, Friday, March 8, 1861.

The News.

An early attack on Fort Sumter seems to be generally anticipated. Whether the administration will reinforce Major Anderson is not known. It was stated in Washington last night that Major Anderson had sent word to the government that it was useless to send to his assistance less than twenty thousand men. Gen. Beauregard, the officer despatched by the government of the Confederate States to take command at Charleston, has arrived at his post, and expresses perfect confidence that Sumter can be reduced.

The Louisiana State Convention yesterday in secret session passed an ordinance transferring to the government of the Confederate States the sum of five hundred and thirty-six thousand dollars, the amount of customs received and moneys seized by the State.

We have highly important news from Texas, which renders it probable that a conflict has already taken place in that State between the United States forces and those of the State of Texas. Galveston dates of the 26th ult. state that Capt. Nichols, commander of the State troops, had demanded of Capt. Hill, of the United States Army, the surrender of Fort Brown. Capt. Hill refused to entertain the proposition, called Capt. Nichols and his men traitors, and expressed his determination to defend the fort to the last extremity. Capt. Hill refused to obey any order of Gen. Twiggs, and had sent to Fort Ringgold for two hundred men. Troops were on the way from Galveston to reinforce the Texan army. Details of the matter will be found in another column of this paper.

We have received intelligence that Governor Brown, of Georgia, has released the bark Adjuster, of this city, which vessel was reprised for certain illegal seizures of property in this city by Police Superintendent Kennedy, in consequence of representations made to him by the British Consul at Savannah that the cargo she held belonged to the subjects of Great Britain.

The following is the Cabinet of the Southern confederacy, as at present constituted:—

Secretary of State	Robert Toombs, of Ga.
Secretary of the Treasury	C. L. Memminger, of S. C.
Secretary of War	Leroy P. Walker, of Ala.
Secretary of the Navy	Stephen M. Mallory, of Fla.
Postmaster General	John H. Reagan, of Texas.
Attorney General	Judah P. Benjamin, of La.

In the United States Senate yesterday the debate of Wednesday was continued on the motion to print extra copies of the President's Inaugural. Mr. Wigfall opened the debate, and spoke at considerable length. He did not look upon the Inaugural in the light in which Mr. Douglas viewed it, as meaning peace. He regarded it as somewhat vague; but if the course laid down in it by the President should be pursued, war was inevitable. Forts Sumter and Pickens, and all the other places now held by the United States within the limits of the Confederate States, must be given up, and that very soon, or the South would proceed to take them. "The Union," he said, "is dead, and has to be buried." Mr. Douglas replied, saying that he had examined carefully the remarks of the President, and could see no reason to change the opinion expressed by him on the previous day that Mr. Lincoln meant peace. Senator Mason also participated in the debate, construing the Inaugural as calculated to lead to war. The Senate adjourned without coming to a vote or transacting any other business.

The first formal meeting of the new Cabinet of President Lincoln was held yesterday. It lasted two hours, and various surmises were indulged in as to what were the momentous matters under consideration, and what were the results and determinations arrived at; but up to the time of our latest despatches we are not informed that anything positive as to their deliberations had transpired.

The diplomatic corps yesterday made their first formal visit to President Lincoln, in accordance with the custom on the accession of a new administration. Mr. Lincoln was addressed, on behalf of the body, by the representative of Portugal, and replied in a brief speech of welcome.

A number of the citizens of Washington and other friends of the distinguished Kentucky Senator, Mr. Crittenden, paid him the compliment last evening of a visit and serenade, in anticipation of his departure from the national capital, to retire to private life. Mr. Crittenden responded to his visitors in a genial and patriotic speech, which we publish this morning.

No official movement appears to have been made yesterday by the Commissioners in Washington from the Southern confederacy. It is said that an informal communication was made to the State Department by a distinguished Senator touching their mission.

The Senate of our State Legislature was again in session yesterday, for the first time since Friday last, and transacted considerable business. The bill for the sale of the Quarantine lands on Staten Island was reported favorably. The same action was taken on the bill providing for the payment of the Canal debt and the interest on the twelve million loan. The main points of the bill for the better government of the public schools of this city will be found enumerated in our report. Two separate resolutions were introduced by members, inquiring into the recent conduct of the metropolitan police: one in reference to the employment of members of the force beyond the limits of the State, and the other with regard to the mode of arrest, detention and discharge pursued by the department. In the Assembly some matters of special interest to this city were under consideration, the most important of which was the bill providing for the sale of the present Post Office site in Nassau street to the general government. After much discussion, and the adoption of an amendment giving the consent of the State to the purchase of any site in the city which the general government may choose, progress on the bill was reported. In the evening the Supply bill was under consideration. The Railroad Committee met again last night to hear objections to the Broadway Railroad bill, but no one against the bill appeared. One Broadway merchant, however, spoke in favor of the bill. The committee will meet again this evening in the Assembly chamber, when a strong delegation against the bill are expected to appear and give their objections.

The steamship Bremen, from Southampton on the 20th ult., arrived at this port last evening, bringing two days later intelligence from Europe. She brings no intelligence concerning the Australasian, except the fact that she sailed from Liverpool on the 16th, arrived at Queenstown at noon on the 17th, and sailed at four P. M. the same day for New York. All well.

The Civil Tribunal of the Seine on the 15th ult. delivered judgment in the Bonaparte-Patterson case in favor of Prince Napoleon. The Court grounds its judgment upon the fact that the question was conclusively settled by the Emperor's Family Council in 1860. It abstains from pronouncing any opinion on the merits of the case, which, it will be remembered, M. Merveilleux, the Crown Advocate, admitted to be entirely in favor of the Pattersons. The latter will no doubt appeal.

A demonstration of public rejoicing took place when the news of the fall of Gaeta became known. Shouts of "Viva Victor Emanuel!" and "The Unity of Italy Forever!" were general. It is even affirmed that some priests were observed to join in the demonstration and cheer with the rest.

It is stated that Francis II. had gone to Bavaria.

In the sitting of the Spanish Congress on the 13th inst. a question was put to the Minister for Foreign Affairs as to the rumored dismissal of the Spanish Ambassador at Mexico. The answer was that no strictly official information had yet been received, but that the necessary measures should be taken to insure respect being paid to the Spanish flag in any event which might arise. The Spanish journals are much occupied with comment upon this affair, which is looked upon as indicating a possible collision between Spain and Mexico. It is also stated that a Spanish squadron has been ordered to Vera Cruz.

The steamship Great Eastern is advertised to sail the first week in March for Norfolk, Va., where she has been guaranteed a cargo of cotton, the freight on which amounts to $75,000.

The French manufacturers begin to feel the effect of the American crisis, and are restricting their operations and withdrawing their credits until affairs in this country become more settled.

Our last advices from Port au Prince bear date February 9. The government is deeply engaged in the inquiry relative to the mineral resources of the country. New mines are said to be daily discovered. On the 4th ult. the forged paper money seized in New York was publicly destroyed by fire. An English commercial house has agreed with the government to supply a large amount of agricultural implements and machines, taking as security a lien on the machines themselves and the estate on which they are located. As the terms of payment are liberal, the orders are large. Sugar is expected to be a staple commodity of export when the machinery is in operation. A large number of immigrants were daily and anxiously expected. Coffee was in active request.

Early yesterday morning a fire broke out in the building 102 West Fortieth street, near Broadway, which was attended with a most melancholy loss of life—a whole family, consisting of Mr. Henry Wood, his wife and five children, being burned to death. The fire appears to have originated in the basement; but the flames made such progress that, rushing up the stairway, all egress in that direction was soon cut off. Other persons were badly burned in making their escape. No clue to the origin of the fire could be had.

A resolution was adopted in the Board of Aldermen last evening, calling for a commission of five gentlemen to go to Albany to present to the Legislature an earnest petition that the propositions of the Peace Congress be forthwith referred to the people of the State to decide in favor of accepting or rejecting them.

The Board of Councilmen met last evening and proceeded to take up the tax levy, item by item. The aggregate reduction from the amendments made by the Aldermen to the Comptroller's estimates amounts to $202,363, and the increase $68,500, the actual decrease being $133,863. As soon as the report, as amended, was adopted, it was sent in the other Board for their action. Subsequently a committee of conference was appointed. Mr. Orton offered a resolution requesting the Legislature to repeal the various railroad grants pertaining to this city, and also remonstrating against the passage of certain acts relative to this city now pending in that body, which was laid over. The Corporation Counsel was directed to draft an act to be sent to the Legislature for the establishment of street grades. The Comptroller was requested to inform the Board if any parties are in default to the city treasury for ferry privileges, and also whether any company is running boats or using ferry franchises contrary to the conditions expressed in their lease. The resolutions from the Aldermen pertaining to national affairs was laid over. The Board concurred to request the Legislature to pass an act to extend Lexington avenue from Sixty-fifth to Eighty-sixth street. A resolution was unanimously adopted tendering the Governor's Room to Hon. John A. Dix, to give the citizens of New York an opportunity to testify their respect for him as a man and a patriot for the stand he took in maintaining the dignity of the American flag. After the transaction of a large amount of routine business the Board adjourned till Monday.

A regular meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday. A number of gentlemen were elected as members of the Board. Reports were received from various committees, and after the usual routine business the Board adjourned.

The number of inmates now in the public institutions of the city is 9,111—a decrease of 37 for the past week. The number admitted during the week was 1,023, and the number discharged, transferred or who died was 1,060.

The first fine Hudson river shad of the season made their appearance in the city yesterday. Six very "fine fellows" were caught between this city and Staten Island, one weighing five and a quarter pounds, another nearly five pounds, and the other four above four and a half pounds each.

A verdict of $5,000 damages was recovered in the Common Pleas yesterday by the guardian of a lad named Henry Dean, against the Sixth Avenue Railroad Company, for injury done him by the negligence of one of their servants. The boy's foot was so crushed that the toes had to be amputated.

Rudolph Blumenberg was placed on trial before Judge Shipman yesterday for the second time on a charge of perjury, alleged to have been committed on becoming surety for the slaver Orion.

In answer yesterday to a question from Mr. W. T. Coleman, of the well known firm of California shipping merchants, respecting some Indian Trust Fund bonds in their possession, Judge Roosevelt, the United States District Attorney, referred that gentleman to the Secretary of the Interior.

Judge Sutherland yesterday dismissed the writ of habeas corpus issued on the part of R. W. Clapp, held by the United States authorities on a charge of false pretences committed in the District of Columbia. The matter was subsequently brought before Judge Betts, in the United States District Court, who stated that a *prima facie* case had been made out, and that in the District of Columbia false pretence was an offence against the federal laws. The prisoner was then remanded.

The Court of Oyer and Terminer adjourned yesterday to Monday next, without transacting any business. There is no accommodation for this Court, which meets in the Sessions room only to adjourn.

In the Court of General Sessions yesterday Michael Corwin and Theresa Townsend were convicted of robbing Julius Carmaza of a gold watch in the Five Points, and were each sent to the State prison for ten years. James Mahan was convicted of stealing thirty dollars from James Sheehan, and was sent to the State prison for two years. Carl Yager, who offered to sell a large quantity of counterfeit gold coins to John H. Lorenzen, was convicted of larceny, Lorenzen having, in connection with officer Bennett, entrapped Yager. He was sent to the State prison for two years and nine months.

The will of William H. Hitchcock has been admitted to probate.

The cotton market exhibited some symptoms of life yesterday, as 1,200 bales found buyers, chiefly among spinners, on the basis of 11¾c. a 11⅞c. for middling uplands. Shippers were keeping back for later news from Europe, which was anxiously looked for by most business men. An effort on the part of holders of flour to put up prices was only partially successful; sales were made of about 13,000 bbls., closing with extra State (shipping brands) at $5 25 a $5 30. The transactions in wheat were checked by the firmness of holders and the rise in freights. Corn was active and a shade dearer. The sales of provisions, hops and spices were light, as were also those of tobacco, iron, lead, rice and whalebone. The movements in groceries were rather more extensive, but not productive of any important changes in prices. The freight market was only moderately active, owing in part to the advance in rates.

Policy of the New Administration—The Platform of Washington and Jefferson.

The question which transcends all others in importance, at the present moment, is what active policy, in relation to the great crisis through which the country is passing, will evolve out of the vague and unsatisfactory dicta with which the President and his mouthpieces have contrived to mystify the public. The republican party have the power, for which they have so long striven, entirely in their hands. Weal or woe, good or evil, the reconstruction of the Union or its perpetual dismemberment hang upon the counsels they may see fit to adopt. Imagination cannot picture a more dreary, desolate future than awaits us, if the government of Mr. Lincoln fails to rise to the dignity of its position, as the faithful stewards of the people; and, on the other hand, the benefits will be untold that may result from the exercise of such discretion, judgment and patriotism as ought to characterize statesmen, at such an epoch. Mr. Lincoln repeatedly assured his hearers, during his pilgrimage from Chicago to Harrisburg, that the models of his Presidential career were already chosen; that he should strictly emulate the conduct of Washington, Jefferson, and Madison, and endeavor to be guided by the example set by his predecessors of the time of the constitution. It will be well to consider what the condition of the United States was when that instrument was framed, and what principles of inter-State relations concerning slavery, were administered at the close of the last and the beginning of this century.

When Washington was elevated to the chief magistracy of the United States slavery was thoroughly understood to be a part of the common law of the land. It underlay, and formed a portion of the basis upon which the constitution rests. Bondsmen of New York, New Jersey and New England were possessed by the same tenure that slaves are now held in Alabama, Louisiana and Virginia. No Fugitive Slave law was needed, because the requirement that "fugitives from labor" should be delivered up, was no more advantageous to the master in Georgia than to the owner of negroes in Connecticut. It was not until long after the last term of office of Jefferson had expired that any attempt was made to put Southern institutions under a ban, by excluding them from the federal territory; and it was later still that the right was arrogated to confiscating the property of citizens of the South sojourning at the North. The sectional party which made anti-slavery its especial dogma, and "irrepressible conflict" a watchword, was not dreamed of until twelve years after the time of President Madison. Under Washington and his successors, then, owners of slaves, North and South, could take their property everywhere—into each State or Territory included in the confederation; it was protected by local as well as general law; where opposition to involuntary servitude existed, it was grounded upon no fanatical pretences, but found its justification in motives of political economy; and as complete freedom of opinion was granted with regard to its propriety, as was yielded to variety in religious sentiment.

If Mr. Lincoln would return to the halcyon days of our pristine greatness, he must make it his end and aim to restore to every citizen, North and South, the enjoyment of those rights which they possessed seventy years ago. Where they have been invaded, it is his duty to recommend full reparation; and the obliteration of the evils which craft and fanaticism have brought upon the country. If he will appreciate, as Madison, Jefferson and Washington would have done, that he is not the President of any faction or of any party; but that, having been elected by a minority of the people, he stands on the enviable vantage ground of being bound by no ties and obligations other than those his oath of office imposes, he will perform the promise he made in his inaugural, of administering the government to all with equal fairness, and will begin at once to sweep away the usurpations which have brought disaster upon the land and threaten its destruction. He professes to desire precisely what we do; neither more nor less than is wished for by every upright, conservative citizen, namely that justice should be done to every section alike. It will be very easy, if he is honest in his purpose to secure so happy a result.

The first task of the administration should be to call an extra session of Congress, whose duty it should be to consider amendments to the constitution, so specific and unambiguous in their nature, that the same practical liberty will be restored which existed at the time of Washington. The Fugitive Slave clause should be so modified as to secure indemnity to the master in every instance where his property is not restored. The Southerner travelling in New England, New York or Wisconsin with his bondsmen should be protected in the right of transit or sojourn, and should be under the ægis everywhere of the general government. The right of carrying slaves into the Territories, which Mr. Lincoln does not think is complete now, should be made so. And, above all things, the same privileges of opinion that are granted to the Catholic, Presbyterian, Shaker or Methodist, each of whom carries in his bosom some distinctive tenet which separates him from all others, should be absolutely yielded in relation to social institutions. Upon Mr. Lincoln devolves the heat and burden of securing peace to the Union. No dictator of the Roman republic, appointed for a limited number of months, ever wielded more power than he may use during the next four years. Not only the people of this continent, but every enlightened mind throughout the globe, will hold him responsible for what he shall do, and as he shall faithfully or unfaithfully emulate his predecessors of the Revolutionary period, posterity will refer to his memory with blessings or with maledictions.

The Policy and Prospects of the Southern Confederation.

The Southern confederation is marching steadily on with its organization, and the policy which it is inaugurating promises to add stability to its existence and dignity to its future. There are many features about this new government which are calculated to invest it with advantages superior to those which the Northern confederacy enjoys. In the first place it is maintained by able statesmen that we at the North can boast of more of the demagogue class in the composition of our government than of that higher order of patriots which shine so brilliantly in the ranks of the early founders of the republic.

Jefferson Davis, the President of the Southern confederacy, is a soldier as well as a statesman. He is firm, bold, quick and daring. Mr. Stephens, too, is gifted with a fine intellect, and the wisdom which dictated the selection of conservative minds for the Cabinet to the exclusion of the more ultra politicians of the South, forms a striking contrast with the party animus that inspired the elevation of certain extremists to seats in the Cabinet Council of the administration at Washington. The Southern confederacy now comprises seven States, with a total population of over five millions, and should subsequent events drive the border slave States into coalition with those already seceded—a consummation which the latter are endeavoring to bring about—the confederacy will be composed of fifteen sovereign States, with a population of 12,433,409—or nearly two-thirds of the population of the Northern confederacy of nineteen States. The population of the seven States now united under one government is distributed as follows:—

South Carolina	715,371
Georgia	1,082,736
Florida	145,685
Alabama	955,017
Louisiana	666,431
Mississippi	886,058
Texas	600,956
Total	5,053,164

The Southern government, it will be seen, is making active preparations to strengthen itself in case a difficulty should arise with the Northern administration. An army is now being rapidly organized and equipped. By the adoption of the old and somewhat equitable tariff of the United States, the South has gained an immense advantage over the North, as many articles of foreign merchandise will be excluded from our ports by the exorbitant and in some cases prohibitory duties imposed by the Morrill tariff; and thus, while importations will fall away in the Northern cities, they will increase and are even now increasing in the ports of Savannah, Mobile, New Orleans and Charleston. At the same time that foreign nations are seeking more friendly ports with their goods, the products and manufactures of the Northern States will be subjected to an equal duty with foreign manufactures on the Southern border—a measure which will prove protective of Southern industry and enterprise, as well as productive of considerable revenue to the South.

Again, in the matter of expansion the Southern confederacy has much the advantage over the Northern. There are the cotton lands of Mexico, which, in the ordinary course of things, may probably be absorbed by the Southern section, and ultimately, no doubt, Cuba also may be annexed to the adjoining free States on this continent, and thus enjoy that independence, as a member of a self-governed empire, for which her people have been so long pining; in which event the Gulf of Mexico will be transformed, as it were, into an inland lake, and the commerce of the tropical States of both North and South America will find a ready and profitable mart for their products in the various ports on the Gulf. The rich resources of Mexico and the South American States can thus be developed for the benefit of the Southern confederacy, instead of being converted, as they are now, to the profit of England and France by means of the regular steam communication kept up between them and these latter countries. The statesmen of the South are not blind to the importance of a closer intimacy with Mexico and the republics of Central and South America, which has been restricted heretofore by the selfish policy of Northern politicians; and now that they are at liberty to act for themselves they will no doubt endeavor to divert the trade of those countries from European channels into their own ports, even if their policy should not involve immediate measures of annexation.

And to counterbalance this adhesion of commercial or territorial strength to the Southern confederacy, what has the Northern confederacy to fall back upon? Nothing but the annexation of the British provinces. And what reason is there to expect that anything short of annexation will increase the advantages which our contiguity to British America now insures us? We cannot hope for any inordinate growth of inter-trade with the British possessions. Unlike the Southern government, we at the North can open up no new fields of enterprise such as the unfallowed fields of Mexico, Central America and the South American republics afford to the sagacity of the Southern States. Wanting a convenient market for their products, much of the most valuable resources of these tropical countries, both in mineral and agricultural wealth, have been neglected; but with the adoption of a liberal policy and the establishment of a regular communication on the part of the Southern confederacy, there may be no limit to the riches they are capable of developing, most of which will certainly inure to the benefit of that government which encourages its developement. Apart, then, from the mere question of territorial acquisition—which would seem almost inevitable—the South has a splendid opportunity of building herself up by availing itself of the commercial resources of adjacent countries.

Thus, by the calm and dignified action of the new government, by the enrolment of a numerous and patriotic army, by the adoption of a favorable tariff, by all the advantages which surround it, the Southern confederacy to-day gives promise of a permanency and prosperity which those who rely upon the success of coercive measures to bring the seceding States back into the Union cannot well despise. And yet we can find nothing foreshadowed in the dim and half defined policy of Mr. Lincoln but coercion, so far as the ambiguous language of his inaugural stands the test of analysis—coercion if he can, toleration if he must.

Important Proposition in the Cotton Confederacy—The Border Slave States Between Two Fires.

We published yesterday a telegraphic despatch from Montgomery stating that the Congress of the Confederate States adopted a resolution to the effect "that the Judiciary Committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of prohibiting the importation of slaves into the confederacy from the United States, except owned by persons emigrating thence for settlement and residence." The object of this measure is to bring such a pressure on the border slave States as they cannot resist—to compel them to join the cotton States on pain of losing their only market for the slaves which they breed.

If a bill of the kind indicated should be passed Virginia would either have to become a free State or a member of the Southern confederacy. Her slaves in future would be of so little value to her that she would have to emancipate them, and let them shift for themselves, as she could not afford to feed and clothe them without remuneration. That is too much even for Northern philanthropy. Virginia, according to the returns of the census of last year, had 495,826 slaves—or say she has now in round numbers half a million of negro bondmen. This is the largest number held by any State. It amounts to half the number of the white population of the State. Now, Virginia has no cotton fields, and does not need so many slaves for her own labor. She sells them, therefore, to the cotton States, who can afford to pay a good price for them; and it is in this way that slaves are a source of wealth to her. If she had no market in the cotton States, so far from being a source of wealth and profit, the slaves would become a cause of poverty and loss, and, in self-defence, she would be compelled to abolish slavery. Hence the measure proposed in the Southern confederacy is a menace to her that she must speedily take one side or other in the quarrel with the North.

It was with a view to gain over the border States that the confederacy inserted in their constitution a prohibition against the African slave trade; for the opening of that trade, which South Carolina so much desired, would bring down the price of negroes, and it is on this ground, and not from any philanthropic ideas, that Virginia and other border slave States have been always opposed to the African traffic. The question of a slave trade between the cotton States and the United States was left designedly an open question in the Southern constitution, and to be decided by Congress, in order that it might be a lever with which to hoist the border States into the confederacy. By the census it appears that Tennessee has 287,112 slaves, Kentucky 225,490 and North Carolina 328,377 (equal to half her white population). These States would be all affected by the proposed measure, but not to the same extent as Virginia. It is upon the latter that it is intended specially to operate, because as Virginia goes they will all go.

On the other hand, if Virginia and the other border slave States should secede and join the cotton confederacy, what security would they have for the rendition of their fugitive slaves by the Northern confederacy? None whatever, unless there should be a treaty of amity between the two confederacies. Moreover, in the event of civil war their soil would be the battle ground, and they would suffer more than either the Northern or the cotton States. They are thus placed between two fires, and it is a question with them on which side lies the balance of interest. There can be little doubt that, on the whole, they would consider the preponderance of interest lay with the cotton confederacy, for if, in a civil war, the Northern fanatics should prove successful, they would assuredly abolish slavery in every Southern State. Hence the pro-slavery interest in Virginia, interpreting Mr. Lincoln's inaugural as indicating a coercive programme, is becoming more violent and revolutionary. Secession is making rapid strides. The Richmond *Enquirer*, as our readers have seen, calls upon Virginia to take her stand immediately and be no longer divided, as very soon she will have to fight either under the banners of Jefferson Davis or Abraham Lincoln. The argument of Wise's organ for joining the cotton confederacy and thus making the State a unit is that, in the contingency of coercion, the secessionists will join the army of the South, whatever the State may do, and that this might lead to civil war between the Virginians themselves.

Unless the President, therefore, in some decided way announces a peace policy very soon there is every probability of the secession of the mother of States and of Presidents, and that the Old Dominion will take most if not all the border slave States with her.

Hercules Hackley.—Great hopes rest upon the performances of the new contractor for the cleaning of our streets. Let him beware how he disappoints them. He has it in his power to make himself one of the most popular of officials, but he also runs the risk of accumulating upon his head the maledictions dire of a whole community. Atlas himself did not bear a greater weight on his shoulders than does our Hercules of the besom. Besides keeping several hundreds of miles of streets free from their accustomed muck heaps, he has to protect the dry goods and fancy stores, the crinoline and patience of the fair promenaders of Broadway, from the penetrating influence of the blinding particles which are borne on the wings of our March gales. Let him but prove equal to this task and he will establish his qualifications to an office under the new administration. Mr. Lincoln will want some one to wield the monster broom with which he has just been presented. We hope Hercules Hackley is his man.

A New Movement for Southern Trade.—The Charleston papers state that a well known dry goods firm in this city has addressed a circular to its customers announcing that a branch of the house will be established in one of the States of the Southern confederacy as soon as the necessary business arrangements can be made. Without doubt this example will be generally followed by the leading New York houses engaged in the Southern trade. It will be the very best way by which direct trade with Europe can be opened by the South. Whatever the political condition of the country may be trade cannot be arrested, neither can the merchants of New York permit a factious minority, which has succeeded to power through the temporary disagreement of the majority of the people, to ruin the Empire City. New York is in sentiment and feeling as much a Southern as a Northern city, and will steadily resist any attempt to force a warlike policy upon the cotton States.

How Mr. Lincoln Can Arrest the Montgomery Commissioners.—In a matter so important as the probable action of the administration in relation to the Commissioners of the Southern confederation, it may be as well to look into precedents. In the case of the United States against Bollman & Swartwout, Judge Washington decided (1st Cranch, Circuit Court Reports, 373) that the Court may issue "a bench warrant against a person charged with treason, upon *ex parte* affidavits, before any presentment or indictment made or found by a Grand Jury; and, when arrested, may commit him to prison without stating when or where he is to answer for the offence." But the Supreme Court afterwards decided that, though the criminals might be anywhere arrested, "if the offence were committed on land, the offender must be tried by the Court having jurisdiction over that territory where the offence was committed." So, perhaps Messrs. Roman, Forsyth and Crawford must be hung in their homesteads, though the Washington jails ought to be instantly whitewashed to receive them. Show your authority Mr. President, and arrest at once, and to prove your power despatch Gen. Scott with an army to Alabama, Louisiana and Georgia, to superintend the scaffold arrangements.

The constitution of the United States provides, (article 3, section 2,) that the "trial of all crimes, excepting in case of impeachment, shall be held in the State where the said crimes shall have been committed." The act of Congress of 1789 further provides that "in cases punishable with death, trial must be held in the county where the offence is committed." Let Mr. Lincoln send down to the law library, some evening after Messrs. Chase and Seward have ceased bothering him with their squabbles, and get the fourth volume of Cranch's Circuit Court Reports, and the fourth volume of Cranch's Supreme Court Reports, and he will be able to instruct himself fully how to manage the business. He will undoubtedly have influence enough to induce the Judge of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia to issue a bench warrant for the arrest of the three Southern gentlemen. The executive difficulty will take care of itself. "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof."

Dreadful Loss of Life by Fire—Proposed Changes in the Office of Fire Marshal.—We publish elsewhere the particulars of a fire in Fortieth street, by which a family of seven persons lost their lives. But for the vigilance of the Fire Marshal this occurrence would probably have been imputed to accident. Mr. Baker, however, immediately set on foot an investigation into the facts, and from the inquiries already instituted it is likely to turn out that this disaster had its origin in criminal motives.

This is but one of the hundreds of cases in which the benefits resulting from the creation of the office of Fire Marshal have been exemplified. More lives and more property have been saved through it than through all the legal prosecutions instituted in the same space of time. It is the difficulty of establishing the facts in trials for arson which has generally insured the immunity of the accused. The prompt presence and examination of the premises and witnesses by the Fire Marshal have to a great extent removed that difficulty, and now it is rarely that an indictment for incendiarism fails through a clear case on the part of the prosecution.

We see that a bill has been recently introduced in the Legislature in reference to the office of Fire Marshal. As no one complains that its duties are not efficiently and economically performed, the object of this measure can be none other than to divide them between two or three hungry aspirants with a view to their endowment with fat salaries. As the Fire Marshal is paid by the insurance offices, and not by the city, the latter has a right to protest against being taxed for the creation of superfluous offices. Should the Legislature, however, think fit to give its sanction to the swindle, it will make no difference in the existing arrangements, for the insurance companies know their interests too well to entrust them to the charge of the persons seeking to effect this change.

Military Resources of the South.—An erroneous idea generally prevails at the North that the new confederacy, in preparing for military defence, will experience some difficulty in procuring a supply of artillery stores and munitions of war. For the information of that class to whom we refer we say that the Anderson iron works, near Richmond, Virginia, are working their furnaces night and day casting Dahlgren guns and columbiads of the heaviest calibre and exquisite finish. Several of these guns and five ten-inch mortars have already been forwarded to Charleston, and before this are in battery ready to participate in the bombardment of Fort Sumter. The Tredegar iron works, near Richmond, are also busily employed in casting hollow shot and shell. Several tons have already been forwarded to Charleston. The machine shop of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, near Newbern, N. C., has been transformed into a military arsenal, where several hundred hands are now employed in altering muskets and casting shot and shell. The alterations of the old style musket to the Minnie style, compared with similar alterations made in this State, give the superiority to the former in every respect. The samples of shot recently exhibited included a sixty-four pounder and a six-pounder, and forty-pound shells. The casting was faultless. The railroad company have offered to contract with the Confederated States for an indefinite supply of both guns and missiles, guaranteeing to do the work equal to any done at the North and at a less price. There is a foundry near Petersburg, Virginia, also engaged in casting mortars and cannon for Charleston. Only a day or two ago a mortar from this foundry, weighing 6,750 pounds, was placed in battery near Fort Sumter. As for powder, both North Carolina and Virginia have numerous mills for the manufacture of this explosive agent, and already have sent 300,000 pounds, per contract, to South Carolina. After this statement of facts who will doubt the ability of the South to provide itself with munitions of war?

Effect of the Inaugural in the Metropolis.—Since last Monday evening nothing has been thought of or talked about except the Lincoln inaugural, what it means, how the South will receive it, and whether or not we are to have war. People are anxious, puzzled, timid, frightened. Places of public amusement are quite deserted. Business at the theatres is very bad—the English Opera has collapsed, and

the Italians are not much better off. On Wednesday there was such a terrible epidemic in Irving place that the Academy was closed, several artists being entirely prostrated by the distressing effect of the inaugural. It is understood that they are now convalescent, but the season is to be closed on Saturday. The Academy *habitués* have only one evening and one morning performance left, and will undoubtedly make the best of them. No one can tell when there will be another Opera season. For the next year music and the drama will be at a discount. A grand tragedy in real life is already in rehearsal at Washington, and until it has been played out the operatic and theatrical folk may as well assume the willow and wear it with as good a grace as they can.

A SOURCE OF CORRUPTION EXTINGUISHED.—Whatever may have been the shortcomings of the Congress just expired, it has passed one measure for which it is entitled to the thanks of the country. We allude to the amendment of the Patent laws, which provides that all patents hereafter granted shall remain in force for seventeen years from the date of issue, and that all extensions of such patents shall be prohibited. We know of no influence which has contributed more to the demoralization of the National Legislature than the sums spent in lobbying to extend the large patent monopolies. It is impossible to estimate the amount that has been lavished in this way within the last dozen years, but it is to be counted by millions. For the future, thank God, this source of temptation will be removed, and we shall be spared the disgrace of seeing the votes of our representatives publicly sold for the support of these unjustifiable privileges. The only objection to the amendment is in the length of time given to a patent. Ten years would have been a long enough time.

WAR IN TEXAS.—We publish to-day some very important news from Texas, including further particulars of the surrender of the federal property by General Twiggs and the attitude of Captain Hill, who has refused to give up his post. It appears certain that the State troops will attack Hill's force, and the conflict will be all the more bitter in consequence of the jealousy and bad feeling which have always existed between the regulars and the Texan Rangers. When the first blow is struck no one can predict with any certainty as to the conclusion of the war, and the scene of conflict will undoubtedly be extended over all the Southern States. Under these circumstances it is clearly the duty of the general government to interfere. In Mr. Lincoln's inaugural he states that he wishes to prevent bloodshed, and that he will not force obnoxious officers upon the people of the South. If he means what he says, why does he not proceed to withdraw all the United States troops from the Southern posts, and submit the plan of adjustment which that eminently mild and conciliatory statesman, Mr. Chase, promised should follow inauguration? Let us have the adjustment by all means.

OLD ABE'S AXE.—It would appear from our Washington despatches that Mr. Lincoln has not forgotten his early experiences in the rail-splitting line. He has brought his old axe to Washington, and has lost no time in proceeding to chop off the heads of those unfortunate office holders who happen to be on the wrong side in politics. They say that during the French Revolution more than thirty thousand political executions took place. If Old Abe plies his axe as industriously as he promises, he will put Robespierre, Danton and Marat quite in the shade. Let Pine street tremble and beware.

BAD NEWS FOR TURFMEN.—We hear that the proprietors of Northern race courses will be unable to present any very attractive programmes during the coming spring and summer season. The Southern horses, which are chiefly relied upon, will all be retained at home, and our races will be very tame affairs. Thus we see that the effects of the secession movement extend themselves to the most minute and apparently remote details of social life.

INTERESTING FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, March 7, 1861.

ADVICES FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.

The government has received despatches from the East Indies, with dates to the 30th of December. Minister Ward had left Hong Kong for the United States on the 24th of December, and may shortly be expected to arrive in this country.

The aspect of affairs in China and Japan was assuming a more tranquil, peaceful solution. Minister Ward suggests the propriety of keeping one or two men-of-war in the China seas, whose duty it shall be to visit the various ports open to commerce in that country; and it will not be long before an immense trade will be carried on between the United States and China and Japan.

THE NEW BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

The Board of officers, composed of Captain Ringgold and Commanders Davis and Maury, have been appointed by the Secretary of the Navy, in pursuance of the recent naval appropriation act, to examine the data for charts of the surveying expeditions under Captain Ringgold, Commanders Page and Rogers, and Lieutenant Brook, and to report if they are such as to justify their publication.

Despatches from Flag Officer Stribling were received to-day at the Navy Department. He says that in consequence of the disturbed state of China, he had not until January 1 considered it proper to send any vessel to the southward. The John Adams had sailed for Manila, Siam and Singapore. The commerce of the United States with Siam, he says, is of considerable importance, and an occasional visit of a man-of-war to that country is advisable. At all the countries around the China Sea and Japan the frequent presence of men-of-war is beneficial to our commerce, as well as to our countrymen residing there. He expected to go north with the Hartford and Saginaw.

Non-Arrival of the North Briton.

BOSTON, March 7, 1861.

There are no signs of the North Briton.

Large Fire in Dundee, N. Y.

DUNDEE, N. Y., March 7, 1861.

The second disastrous fire for this winter occurred in this place last night, over fifty buildings being destroyed and only one store left in the town. Among the stores destroyed were those of Maltby & McLean, groceries, dry goods, &c.; loss $35,000 to $40,000; insured; Hamlen & Martin, dry goods, groceries, general produce, &c.; loss $15,000 to $20,000; insured; their new store was also destroyed.

A. Harpending's tavern; loss $10,000.

Ellis' new tavern; loss $10,000; insured $5,000.

Murdock's hardware store; loss $10,000; insured $5,000.

J. Caton's hardware store; loss about $15,000.

The Baptist church was also destroyed; loss $3,000; insured.

A large number of dwellings were also burned; mostly wooden.

The total loss is estimated at $100,000 to $150,000, on which there is not much insurance. Quite a number of the buildings burned were those which have been rebuilt since the disastrous conflagration of December, and, like that, this was the work of an incendiary. There was a high gale blowing at the time, and it was impossible to subdue the flames. Several storekeepers removed their goods into the street, but they were all consumed after removal.

Three or four arrests have been made of persons suspected as being the incendiaries, and there is considerable excitement among the inhabitants, who are fearful of another conflagration, which would lay the whole town in ashes.

Michigan Democratic State Convention.

DETROIT, March 7, 1861.

The Democratic State Convention in this city to-day nominated Charles J. Walker, of Wayne county, Judge of the Supreme Court.

NEWS FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

The Book of Martyrs—The New York Post Office Bill in Committee of the Whole—The Rural Members Declare that they Know More About the Wants of New York than its Citizens—A Remonstrance Against the Bill Stolen—Spicy Debate—Bill Amended and Progress Reported—Amendment to the City Charter in the Senate—Resolution Asking for a Report from Superintendent Kennedy, &c., &c.

ALBANY, March 7, 1861.

The biographical sketches of the members, otherwise known as the "Book of Martyrs," stirred up quite a breeze among them, on its appearance this winter. W. D. Murphy seems to have been travelling this year. I knew that he made a number of speeches in favor of the Union ticket last fall, but I was not aware that he had visited Japan; but I see that he gives an account of a member being born there, and at the same time asserting that he did not get the facts from the member in person. He must, therefore, have paid a visit to that celestial spot, and should, therefore, be introduced to Boole at once.

The bill to confirm the sale of the Middle Dutch church for a Post Office came up for consideration in the Committee of the Whole this morning. The desk of the members was covered with petitions from the lobby, making statements which it seems the rural gentlemen took all for truth; and in the face of the fact that the New York city members opposed the bill, the wise, honest and extremely virtuous men from the country, who boast so much of their honesty, advocated the bill.

Mr. Cozans moved to strike out the first section, and called for the reading of the remonstrance of Judge Roosevelt against the passage of the bill. The Clerk's desk was searched, and no remonstrance could be found. The remonstrance was sent here, and the Speaker referred it to the Committee on Cities and Villages; but there is no evidence that it ever found its way there or out of it. Here is a direct attempt to suppress evidence against the bill. The public desires to know who is the thief in this matter.

The remonstrance not being found, Mr. Cozans re-moved to report progress. It was lost by one vote. Every member from New York city, with one exception, voted in favor of reporting progress, yet the gentlemen from the rural districts, who know all about New York, have an opinion that they are wiser than everybody else, and therefore favor the passage of the bill.

Mr. Prendergast said that he had no recollection of the remonstrance in question, but was in hopes that the bill would be at once acted upon by this House. The Clerk says that the remonstrance was sent to him—now who has carried it off?

Mr. Cozans again spoke against the bill, and hoped that this Legislature would not force this site upon the citizens of that city. The Legislature last winter passed a law consenting to the sale of the lower end of the City Hall Park, and that was all that was wanted.

Mr. Varian opposed the bill. He understood, from a reliable source, that the friends of the bill now admit that the Middle Dutch church was not large enough, and they were now negotiating for additional ground to enlarge the site. He hoped that this bill would not pass, for the site referred to was not where it would accommodate the majority of the citizens. He wanted to know what the post offices were established for, if not to accommodate the people? A vote of the people would show that four-fifths of the citizens of New York were in favor of having the Post Office further up town. But who has carried off the remonstrance?

Mr. Robinson was in favor of the bill. He considered that a majority of the business men would be better accommodated than upon any other site. He read the lobby communication that was on his table to justify his assertion. He insisted that it would be a bad precedent for the Legislature to refuse to confirm this site, and hoped that it would pass this House without delay.

Mr. Hutchins opposed the bill at much length. He could not for a moment allow the assertions of the gentleman from Chemung and the gentleman from Chautauqua to go uncontradicted. A majority of the citizens were opposed to the present location—it was not in the centre of the business of the city—and he would tell the gentleman from Chemung that the City Hall Park was nearer the Fulton ferry than the present site, and the Williamsburg ferries would be much better accommodated than by the present site.

Mr. Finch thought that the discussion this morning had exhibited the fact that it was a question of more than common importance, and for the purpose of making it more satisfactory he moved an amendment, provided that the present Postmaster General endorsed the sale. Where is the remonstrance? The bill was further debated, and a motion again made to rise and report progress, which was lost by one vote.

Mr. Fullerton then moved to strike out all that related to the present site and make the bill read—"The consent of the State of New York is hereby given to the purchase by the United States of that parcel of ground in the city of New York which the said United States may purchase for the purpose of a Post Office site." This amendment was accepted by Mr. Finch in lieu of his amendment.

Mr. Dwight urged the adoption of this amendment. He could not see why those in favor of the bill could not accept this proposition, and thus allow the government to select other grounds if they found it necessary.

Mr. Ferry said that he could not see that this bill would meet the wants of the government. If passed it gave no right of domain, and he believed that it would be worthless.

Mr. Prendergast again spoke, reading several petitions asking for the passage of the bill as it was originally introduced, one of which was from ex-Postmaster General Holt. He also read from a document a list of directors of banks who were in favor of the passage of the bill.

Mr. Cozans asked if it contained the signatures of the persons referred to, or was it all in one handwriting?

Mr. Prendergast said that it appeared to be all in one handwriting.

Mr. Cozans wished the members to take notice of this fact. Any person could make out a list of names without seeing them and read it to the Legislature.

Mr. Pierce said that he had listened very attentively to the arguments on both sides, for the purpose of getting hold of such facts as would enable him to cast his vote justly, but he had one statement that to his mind was of more importance than all others, and that was that four-fifths of the citizens of New York were opposed to this site, and he considered that one of the strongest arguments against this bill that could be used.

Mr. Hardy favored the original bill, and took the [illegible]

[illegible]

had a name behind it as its illustrious predecessor of 1860. Who has stolen the remonstrance?

The Senate was in session this morning, and went through with a large amount of business. A large number of bills were reported by the standing committees. Amongst those relating to the city of New York was the bill to transfer the bureau of markets from the City Inspector's to the Finance Department.

Senator J. M. Murphy offered a resolution calling upon Superintendent Kennedy to report to the Senate the number and names of the detectives that he had sent into the Southern States, and to what particular point he had sent them. This, however, was laid upon the table at once by the republican majority. They have no intention to let the secret out.

The Railroad Committee met again this afternoon, but no person appeared before the committee to argue against the bill. A prominent merchant in Broadway spoke in favor of it, and the balance of the session was taken up by the committee interrogating Mr. Ward in regard to the effect to certain interests in Broadway should the road be built. To accommodate the party that Mr. Haight is to bring up, the committee decided to meet in the Assembly chamber to-morrow afternoon, and thus give the members all a chance to hear the argument. Ben Wood is here against the bill.

The lobby for the extension of the Central Park have been very busy this afternoon. One of them stated that Clapp would spend ten thousand dollars if necessary to carry his point. Here, then, is another placer.

Senator Manierre introduced a bill to abolish the Board of Education of New York, and to provide for the appointment of six commissioners, three to be appointed by the Comptroller and three by the Recorder.

The Cities and Villages Committee had under consideration a railroad for Brooklyn.

The House has under consideration this evening the Supply bill.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

ALBANY, March 7, 1861.

Mr. MANIERRE reported favorably the bill to open Pennsylvania avenue, Brooklyn; also the bill for altering the plan of New York north of 155th street; also the bill for altering the Commissioners' map of Brooklyn; also the bill relative to the Bureau of Markets.

Mr. HILLHOUSE reported favorably the bill for the sale of the Quarantine lands, Staten Island.

Mr. TRUMAN reported favorably the bill providing means for the payment of the canal debt, and to pay the interest upon the twelve million dollars canal loan.

Mr. LAWRENCE introduced a bill amendatory of the act incorporating the Queens County Savings Bank. It reduces the Board of Trustees to twenty-four, by providing that no vacancies shall be filled until the number be reduced.

Mr. Manierre's bill for the better government of the common schools of New York city abolishes the office of Commissioner of Common Schools, and transfers the accounts, &c., to six Commissioners of Public Education, to be appointed by the Comptroller and Recorder of New York city; to hold office for two, four, six and eight years respectively; the powers now vested in the Board of Education to be transferred to the above named Commissioners, excepting they shall not be ex-officio members of the Board of Trustees; each Commissioner to receive three thousand dollars per annum. This takes effect May 1, 1861.

Mr. MANIERRE introduced a bill for the safe keeping and deliverance of valuable packages by means of burglar proof safes, and to be located in the city of New York; capital stock to be $100,000. Also to prevent and punish cruelty to animals.

The bill increasing the salary of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department was passed.

Mr. McLEOD MURPHY offered a preamble setting forth that a letter, dated February 23, by John Kennedy, General Superintendent of the [illegible]

[illegible]

SHOCKING CALAMITY.

Dreadful Fire in Fortieth Street—Terrible Loss of Life—A Whole Family Burned to Death—Several Persons Badly Injured—Seven Bodies Taken from the Ruins—Coroner's Inquest—Interesting Testimony—No Clue to the Origin of the Fire—Verdict of the Jury, &c., &c.

Shortly after six o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out in the two story and attic dwelling house No. 102 West Fortieth street, near the corner of Broadway. The flames, when first discovered, were issuing from the back basement and ascending the stairs. Henry S. Oakley occupied the second floor, and was the lessee of the house. Mrs. Oakley was about the first person who smelled the smoke and gave the alarm. However, but a few minutes elapsed before a dense smoke filled the stairway and the upper part of the house, the flames followed up the stairs so quickly that Mrs. Oakley in coming down met the flames, and was compelled to force her way through them, and in so doing she was burned severely on the face, neck and hands; her daughter, a young woman about seventeen years of age, was also burned about the face, but not so badly. Mr. Oakley had his hair and whiskers burned and his face slightly scorched. The west garret bedrooms, front, were occupied by Uriah Lewis and James Oakley, the oldest son of Mr. Oakley. These two men escaped by the window on the roof to the adjoining house. Lewis was badly burned, and Oakley escaped with but slight injury. The back attic bedrooms were occupied by Henry Wood and family, consisting of his wife, five children, and Jane, the servant girl. The servant girl was up and had been down stairs just before the fire was discovered. She escaped, but Mr. Wood, who, it is said, came part of the way down stairs, and returned back to get his family out, was not again seen alive. Fire Marshal Baker was early at the premises and made many inquiries, but was unable to ascertain that any one of this family had escaped. Consequently he called the attention of Chief Engineer Decker and his Assistant Engineers, Brice and Mitchell, to the fact that he believed the whole family were burned to death. Engineer Decker, with his accustomed vigilance, at once instituted a search, which resulted in finding, in the back garret bedroom, the bodies of the whole of this unfortunate family burned to death. Their charred remains were extricated by the firemen, under the supervision of Chief Decker. Sergeant Van Hagen, of the Twentieth precinct, procured a wagon filled with straw; the remains of the deceased persons were placed in the wagon, and by the police conveyed to the station house in Thirty-fifth street. The Coroner was notified.

It is feared the fire was not the result of accident, and the Fire Marshal is vigilantly investigating the whole affair. It is further alleged that there was no ladder to the scuttle. Hence these unfortunate people had no means of escaping from the roof.

LIST OF THE DEAD.

Henry Wood, native of England, aged thirty years.

Julia Wood, native of England, aged twenty-five years.

William Wood, aged about seven years.

Henry Wood, aged about five years.

Julia Wood, aged about three years.

Isabella and Jeana, twins, four months old.

Mr. Wood was an upholsterer, and had only moved into the house on the 1st of this month. One-half of the basement he occupied for his shop, and had furniture there. The adjoining half of the basement was occupied by Henry Swaris as a barber's shop. The first floor was occupied as a segar store by Mrs. Catharine Hovey, and the adjoining part of that floor was occupied by Peter Curren for residence. Two men, named Clark and Garvin, occupied one of the front attic bedrooms. They attempted to escape down stairs, but the smoke and fire drove them back at the time. Mr. Clark says he heard Mrs. Wood screaming to save her children. He says he was unable to render her any help, and had but just time to save himself by getting out at the garret window.

The two upper stories and roof are destroyed. The damage to the building will amount to about $600. Mr. Oakley is insured for $400 on his household effects in the Greenwich Insurance Company. As we learn, he is the only person insured in the building.

The building No. 1,335 Broadway, corner of Fortieth street, was slightly damaged by the roof taking fire through the scuttle.

CORONERS' INQUEST.

The inquest upon the bodies of the victims was held at the Twentieth precinct station house, by Coroner Jackman. The anxiety of the people in the neighborhood to be present during the investigation, was intense, and it required all the efforts of the police to keep the crowd back, so pressing were they in their demands. The bodies of the Wood family, as they lay in the rear of the station house, presented a shocking appearance; yet the utmost curiosity was manifested to see and examine the remains by the assembled spectators. A jury of intelligent citizens, mostly residents of the Twentieth ward, having been empanneled to investigate the circumstances attending the death of the victims, the inquest was commenced by taking the annexed testimony:—

Catharine S. Hovey, being duly sworn, says:—I reside at No. 102 West Fortieth street; this morning my brother awoke me and told me they were crying fire; I saw the room filled with smoke; I dressed myself and ran out; I know nothing as to where the fire began; I believe there were two families living in the house besides Mr. Oakley and myself; when I ran out I saw the flames bursting through the roof; the store underneath, which I occupied, was used for segars and liquors.

Jane Gallings, being duly sworn, deposes and says:—I was employed as domestic by the deceased family; it was only last Friday that they moved into this house, which was burned this morning; they occupied the two top back rooms; they were attic rooms; this morning about six o'clock I got up and was dressing myself; I opened my door to go into another room, when for the first time I smelt smoke, but could not tell where it came from [illegible]

[illegible]

the matter. The lives of our citizens must not be jeopardized because of quarrels among the members of companies.

FIRE IN EAST TWENTY-NINTH STREET—THREE MEN SERIOUSLY BURNED.

About nine o'clock on Thursday morning a fire originated in Reed's London Cordial Gin Distillery, No. 118 East Twenty-ninth street. It was caused by the explosion of a pipe which had become frozen around the still. The flames spread with such rapidity that Mr. Reed, E. White and John Hastings, who were at work in the building at the time, were severely burned about their face and hands before they could make their escape. The firemen were promptly at the premises, but owing to the combustible material on fire, they were unable to subdue the flames before the entire premises were destroyed. The loss on the stock and machinery will amount to about $3,000; no insurance. The building is owned by Mr. Skorling. It is damaged to the extent of about $500; said to be insured.

FIRE IN ROOSEVELT STREET.

About nine o'clock on Thursday morning a fire broke out in the attic of the Seaman's boarding house, 92 Roosevelt street, kept by Peter Faren. The attic and part of the roof was destroyed. Damage to the furniture by fire and water about $500; no insurance. The building is damaged to the extent of about $150, said to be insured. Some damage was also done to building No. 94, owned and occupied by W. O. Clowsley; insured for $1,000 on building and $600 on furniture in the Bowery Insurance Company. The fire was caused, it is supposed, by the carelessness of one of the boarders.

FIRE IN A TENEMENT HOUSE IN EAST NINTH STREET—THE LIVES OF FOURTEEN FAMILIES JEOPARDIZED—NO FIRE-ESCAPE ON THE BUILDING.

About eleven o'clock on Thursday morning a fire was discovered on the fourth floor of the tenement house No. 363 East Ninth street, in the apartments of Margaret O'Donnel. For a short time much confusion existed among the tenants, and had the fire gotten under headway the consequences might have been serious. The prompt action of the firemen, however, prevented the flames from spreading beyond the room where the fire commenced. The damage to Mrs. O'Donnel's effects will be about $25. The building is owned by Mr. Walters. It is damaged to the extent of $40; insured. How the fire was caused is unknown at present.

FIRE IN THIRD AVENUE.

Between eight and nine o'clock on Wednesday night a fire occurred in the premises of Jacob Keefer, 312 Third avenue, caused by a fireboard taking fire from the stovepipe. Damage about $10; no insurance.

FIRE IN ELEVENTH AVENUE.

About three o'clock on Wednesday afternoon a fire originated on the third floor of the brick dwelling house on the northwest corner of Eleventh avenue and Twenty-ninth street, in the room occupied by Mrs. Herman. It was caused by some ironed clothing placed too near the stove taking fire. The damage amounted to about $20; no insurance.

FIGHT AMONG FIREMEN.

At the fire in Fortieth street yesterday morning a disturbance and fight took place between the members of No. 1 Engine and No. 18 Engine. Stones, slung-shots, wrenches, pistols and clubs were brought into requisition. Many broken heads were seen issuing from the crowd. The police had some difficulty in quelling the riot. Capt. Walling had but five men with him, but they worked courageously and succeeded in stopping further violence. The police captured a revolver and a knife.

Court Calendar—This Day.

[illegible]

Drawings of the Delaware State Lotteries.

[illegible]

Drawings of R. France & Co.'s Delaware Lotteries.

[illegible]

Espenscheid's Spring Style of Gentlemen's Hats [illegible]

David's Spring Style of Hat Now Ready, at his salesroom, [illegible] Nassau street.

Barnum Has Crowded On Novelties at his Museum [illegible]

Brooklyn Art-Photographic-Imperial Gray Vignette, [illegible] CHAS. H. WILLIAMSON [illegible]

Card Photographs [illegible]

For the West. [illegible] PORTABLE [illegible] DENNETT [illegible]

Wheeler & Wilson's Improved Sewing Machines at reduced prices. [illegible]

Cristadoro's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees. [illegible]

Batchelor's Newly Invented Wigs and Toupees [illegible]

Batchelor's Hair Dye [illegible]

Moldavia Cream Forces the Hair [illegible]

Trusses.—Marsh & Co.'s Radical Cure Truss. [illegible]

Empire Sewing Machines [illegible]

Married.

[illegible]

Died.

[illegible]

FEENEY.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, March 7, after a short illness, MARIA FEENEY, aged 61 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son, Silas Deady, 50 Navy street, on Saturday morning, at ten o'clock.

Rockland county papers please copy.

HISCOX.—On Thursday evening, March 7, HARRIET HISCOX, wife of William P. Hiscox, aged 21 years and 11 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday afternoon, at one o'clock, from 666 Third avenue.

Connecticut papers please copy.

LYNCH.—On Tuesday evening, March 5, suddenly, Mrs. MARGARET LYNCH, the beloved wife of Patrick Lynch and daughter of the late Patrick Lynch, in the 34th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her brothers, Michael and Mathew Lynch, and brothers-in-law, Edward, Horace and John Hayes, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, 62 Marion street, this (Friday) afternoon, at half-past one o'clock.

LAWRENCE.—On Wednesday, March 6, of consumption, STEPHEN A. LAWRENCE, aged 32 years and 10 months.

His friends and the members of the Fourth precinct police, together with the department in general, are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, corner of James and Chatham streets, this day (Friday) at noon.

MCGINNESS.—On Thursday morning, March 7, JOHN MCGINNESS, son of Patrick and Mary Ann McGuinness, aged 7 years, 6 months and 4 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Friday) afternoon, at one o'clock, from the residence of his parents, 130 Leroy street. His remains will be taken to Calvary Cemetery.

MOORE.—At Ravenswood, L. I., on Thursday morning, March 7, MUMFORD, son of L. Mumford and Elizabeth W. Moore, aged 6 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday afternoon, at a quarter before two o'clock. The steamer Mattano leaves Fulton Market slip at one o'clock, returning at three.

MYERS.—At Montezuma, Cayuga county, N. Y., on Wednesday, February 27, JOHN B. MYERS, aged 55 years.

ROCHE.—On Thursday, March 7, ELIZABETH, daughter of Davis and Elizabeth Roche, aged 3 years and 27 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Friday) afternoon, at half-past one o'clock, from the residence of her parents, 258 West street.

VANSTAVOREN.—On Thursday, February 7, Captain Geo. W. VANSTAVOREN, in the 55th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from Christ church, corner of Fifth avenue and Thirty-fifth street, on Sunday afternoon, at half-past one, without further invitation.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

WHITE.—On Wednesday, March 6, MARY ANN, daughter of James W. White, Justice of the Superior Court, and Rhoda E. White, in the 12th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 53 East Thirty-fourth street, this (Friday) morning, at half past ten o'clock, without further notice.

WALSH.—On Wednesday, March 6, CHARLES WALSH, eldest son of James and Mary Walsh, aged 20 years and 6 months.

The friends and relatives of the family, and also the Jeremiah Donovan Guard, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 26 Elizabeth street, this (Friday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ABSOLUTE REMOVAL OF CORNS—BUNIONS CURED without the use of the knife. Instantaneous and efficacious cure, without immediate or subsequent inconvenience. Messrs. KENDALL, 565 Broome street, has permission to refer to the following gentlemen, whose testimonials, with thousands of others, can be seen at the office:—Lieutenant John J. Almy, United States Navy; Edward H. Dixon, M. D., Fifth avenue; John B. Mathews, Esq., and [illegible]

[illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

A NICE PROTESTANT GIRL, WITH GOOD REFERENCE, wants a situation as cook or as chambermaid [illegible] also 20 other nice, tidy and well recommended [illegible] Protestant girls for city and country [illegible], all situations; wages reduced. 2?1 4th ave.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, who is clean and neat in her habits and thoroughly understands her business, to do chamberwork and washing in a private family; no objection to assist in washing and ironing. Best of city reference. Call at 125 20th [illegible], between 7th and 8th avs., to day.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN WANTS A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and seamstress; is willing and obliging; has no objection to go in the country for the summer season. Can be seen for two days at 191 Degraw st., Brooklyn.

A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN WISHES A SITUATION as cook; is a good washer and ironer, cheerful and obliging; good city reference. Can be seen for three days at 70 East 20th st., between Lexington and 4th avs.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, of a good disposition and genteel habits, to cook, wash and iron in a private family; is a first rate cook and an excellent washer and ironer; has the best of city references. Call this day at 136 29th st., between 7th and 8th avs.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as a most excellent waitress; also capable of taking charge of a dining room; good reference from her last place. Call for two days at 71 5th st., room No. 6.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, to do chamberwork and plain sewing, waitress or attend to children. Best of references can be given. Can be seen for two days at 267 Mulberry st., between Prince and Houston sts.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN IS DESIROUS OF a situation to do general housework, or to cook, wash and iron. Good city references from her last place. Call at 171 East 22d st., second floor, back room.

A SITUATION WANTED—AS COOK, BY A YOUNG woman; understands cooking in all its branches; willing to assist in the washing. Can be seen at her present employers, 11 West 10th st., between 5th and 6th avs.

A GERMAN GIRL WANTS A SITUATION TO TAKE care of children or do general housework. Can cook, wash and iron. Good reference. Call at 270 Atlantic st., third floor, Brooklyn.

A LADY DESIRES A NICE PLACE FOR A GOOD smart girl, as nurse and seamstress; is very fond of children, kind and obliging; has an excellent disposition. For further particulars call or address at her present employer's, Mapes' Hotel, corner 24th st. and 3d ave.

AN NURSE—SITUATION WANTED, BY AN AMERICAN young woman, capable of taking entire charge of an infant; a neat sewer, best of city references. Call at No. 93 [illegible]

WANTED A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE German Protestant girl, to do chamberwork and waiting, or general housework in a small private family; understands cooking, washing and ironing. Call at 229 2d st., second floor.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, THREE MONTHS from Ireland, wants a situation; has a perfect knowledge of the grocery business; also understands bottling wines, ale and porter; also understands opening oysters; the best city reference given. Address 201 3d av., corner 19th st., at Edward Scanlon's oyster market.

A GENTLEMAN CONVERSANT WITH SEVERAL languages, and who writes a good hand and has a good business routine and a large connection in Europe, provided with the most unexceptionable references, offers his services to any commercial firm, a banker preferred. Address T. T., Herald office.

A YOUNG MAN, SEVENTEEN YEARS OF AGE, wishes to obtain a situation in some mercantile house; is willing to make himself generally useful. Best city references given. Address J. P. Y., box 133 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, 20 years of age; speaks French, English and German, and resides with his parents; will accept any position in a wholesale or retail house in which he can make himself useful; salary no object. Address H. C. Frey, 97 Mercer st.

FARMERS' SITUATION WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN, with wife and two daughters; understands the business thoroughly; can furnish most satisfactory references; would take a farm, if stocked, on shares. Address Farmer, box 2,515 Post office, New York, for three days.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man, as clerk in a grocery store; has had over six years' experience in the business; can drive a wagon and understands the care of horses; no objection to go in the country; good city reference can be given. Address J. M., box 133 Herald office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE; THE man as farmer and plain gardener, the wife to take charge or assist in a dairy. Best references given. Apply at or address 538 8th av., corner of 39th st., N. Y.

TO MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS.—THE ADvertiser, possessing the advantages of an established name and location, in Boston, and an extensive acquaintance [illegible]

HELP WANTED—MALES.

AMERICAN FARMER AND WIFE WANTED—TO take charge of a large farm near the city. The capable man [illegible] wages will be paid. Apply by letter or personally at office No. 1, over Fulton Bank, corner of Fulton and Pearl streets, New York.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL OUR PRIZE ENVElopes and Packages; a superior article, containing more goods for the money than can be had elsewhere, with a prize [illegible]. Send stamp for circular. [illegible] & Co., 429 Broadway.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL OUR NEW GIFT ENvelopes, large and small, containing a quality and quantity of stationery, with a gift of Jewelry exceeding in superiority every way any other now before the public. The jewelry put up by us was the stock of a dissolved Jewelry firm, therefore we are enabled to offer to agents an immense variety, with splendid gifts, unequalled in beauty and value, consisting of ladies' and gents' Chains, Pins, Lockets, Bracelets, Rings, &c., &c. Our agents are now making from $5 to $10 per day. In price, quality and quantity we defy competition. Give us a trial. Send stamp for circular. N. C. RICKARDS & CO., 102 Nassau street, room No. 3, New York.

AGENTS WANTED.—RESPECTABLE MEN, USED TO out door work, with good references and good address, can procure permanent situations by applying at 37 Nassau street, rooms 17 and 18.

BOY WANTED.—A BRIGHT AND INTELLIGENT BOY wanted for a few days, as a messenger. Apply, with good references, at 9 o'clock Friday morning, at the vacant store 623 Broadway.

WANTED—MEN, WOMEN AND BOYS, IN EVERY town, city and village in the United States, to act as agents for the sale of Sherman & Co.'s Gift Jewelry Envelopes. Agents can make from $3 to $8 a day. Being largely engaged in the manufacture of a superior quality of Jewelry, we are enabled to offer to our customers a greater variety and more valuable Gifts than any other similar establishment. For further particulars enclose a stamp, and address Sherman & Co., 229 Broadway, corner of Barclay street, New York.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL A NEW AND PATENT article. Our agents East are making $2 and $3 a day. Persons enclosing $1 to us, will receive one package, which is worth a dollar to any man; contains one dozen. N. B.—Address Miller, Parks & Co., Providence, R. I.

WANTED—A FEW ACTIVE AND INTELLIGENT agents, to sell a new patent medicine [illegible]

FOR SALE.

A WELL ESTABLISHED PORTER HOUSE FOR SALE, doing a good paying business, with seven years' lease of whole house, at a very low rent; two-thirds of the annual rent paid by two permanent tenants, leaving the bar, sitting room, cellars, bedroom, &c., &c., at a mere trifle. Will be sold with or without the stock. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. Apply on the premises, corner of Front and Pearl streets, Brooklyn.

A FIRST CLASS ENGLISH ALE HOUSE AND RESTaurant for sale.—No better location, with good lease of whole house; great thoroughfare, near a market, and now making money. A smart man would be taken as a partner. Apply at 429 Broadway, room 12. C. B. BOWES & CO.

BILLIARD SALOON, CONTAINING TWO TABLES, AT [illegible] Canal street, with a lease of the whole house. Reason for selling, sickness of proprietor and lady.

DRUG STORES FOR SALE.—SEVERAL RETAIL Drug Stores, in New York and Brooklyn, for sale. Apply to HENRY HAYDOCK, No. 116 Maiden lane.

ELIGIBLE INVESTMENT AND A RARE OPPORTUnity for a chemist and druggist in Ottawa City, Canada West.—The proprietor of one of the largest establishments in this city offers for sale the good will and Stock of an extensive retail Drug Store of 15 years' standing; the same is offered as a great inducement to any gentleman wishing to embark in the above branch, and on liberal terms, the proprietor intending to retire from business. For particulars apply to Messrs. H. DEXTER & CO., News Agents, 113 Nassau street, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A FIVE HORSE POWER ENGINE, IN running order, to be sold cheap for cash. KRULL & BRO., 103 North Moore street.

FOR SALE.—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF THE Liquor and Oyster Saloon No. 558 Second avenue, between Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth streets, for sale cheap. Also the store to let. Reason for selling out, ill-health of the present proprietor. For further particulars inquire in the store.

FOR SALE—A COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS' COMMISsion, for Georgia, Mississippi and Florida. Address, with offer, H. H. B., box 2,727 Post office.

FOR SALE—THE PROPELLER HENRY ANDREW, now running on the Hudson river to Albany, 100 feet long, 23 feet beam, 9 feet hold, of light draught and very fast. Also several Barges. Apply to JOHN H. REDFIELD & CO., 16 South street.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF AN established Millinery and Fancy Store [illegible]

SALES AT AUCTION.

AUCTION NOTICE.—TO HOUSEKEEPERS, Hotel Keepers and Furniture Dealers. Great auction sale of elegant Parlor, Chamber, Dining Room and Library Furniture, Magnificent rosewood Pianoforte, cost $350; Rosewood Parlor Suits, &c., this (Friday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock precisely, by R. W. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer, at the dwelling house No. 1?3 Twenty-first street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues. The entire furniture in the house is first class and new, having been made less than three months, and will all be sold to the highest bidder for cash, offering extraordinary inducements to purchasers to obtain elegant furniture at auction prices. Contents of the house consists, in part, of elegant rosewood seven octave Pianoforte, Stool and Cover, Music Cabinet, superb solid rosewood Parlor Suit, upholstered in shell work, covered in green and gold brocatel; one full Suit, elegantly carved, covered in crimson brocatel; both of these suits are very elegant; rosewood Etageres, carved Centre and Pier Tables, Silk and Lace Curtains, Gold and Landscape Shades, Bronze Clocks, Sevres and Dresden China Vases, and rich Parlor Ornaments in lava and Parian bronzes; Paintings, Turkish Lounges and Chairs, three elegant Mantel, Oval and Pier Glasses, marble pedestals; Tapestry and Wilton Carpets, Velvet Rugs, Reception Chairs, Bronze Chandeliers, rosewood Bedsteads, eighteen Hair Mattresses, Beds and Bedding, rosewood, mahogany and Cottage Chairs; one six octave Pianoforte, Rockers, Tete-a-Tetes, marble top Bureaus, Washstands, French Engravings, with rosewood Chamber Furniture of every description. The upper rooms furnished throughout in mahogany. Extension Table, rich China of every description in dining room, Silverware of all kinds, Cut Glass, Ivory Table Cutlery, one of Wilder's Iron Safes, &c. No postponement. Commencing at 2 precisely. Catalogues at house.

A. MORTIMER GRIFFIN & CO., AUCTIONEERS.
ELEGANT
HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE AND
RARE WORKS OF ART
AT PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE LARGEST AND RICHEST
ASSORTMENT OF
FURNITURE, &c.,
OFFERED AT
AUCTION THIS SEASON,
Viz: rosewood 7 octave Pianoforte,
Rosewood Drawing Room Suits,
Oil Paintings by eminent artists,
Velvet Medallion Carpets,
Bronze and Ormolu Chandeliers,
Brocade and Lace Curtains,
Bookcase, Etageres, Tables,
Dresden and Sevres China Vases,
Pier and Mantel Mirrors,

[illegible]

SALES AT AUCTION.

S. & J. BOGART, AUCTIONEERS.—THIS DAY, AT 10½ o'clock, at the auction rooms, No. 1 North William street, constable's sale of a small lot Dry Goods, Cassimere, Paramattas, Merinoes, Plaids, &c.; also a lot of Shoes, 50 dozen Shoe Strings, &c. A. SPRINGSTEEN, Constable.

S. & J. BOGART, AUCTIONEERS.—SATURDAY, March 9, at 2 o'clock P. M., at 70 Trinity place, constable's sale of Burr Mill Stones. HENRY WEST, Constable.

S. & J. BOGART, AUCTIONEERS.—SATURDAY, March 9, at 10½ o'clock, at the auction rooms, No. 1 North William street, Household Furniture, consisting of a general assortment of Parlor, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture; also one Horse, Cart and Harness; one Rockaway Wagon, Horse and Harness.

WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION TO THE SALE OF the valuable Dwelling House to be made at auction this day (Friday), at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by E. H. LUDLOW & CO. Further particulars at the office, No. 3 Pine street.

WM. WITTERS, AUCTIONEER, WILL SELL THIS day, at 2 o'clock, at 454 Canal street, a large and valuable assortment of genteel Parlor, Chamber, Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture, Parlor Suits, Centre, Dining and Tea Tables, Pianoforte, elegant Tapestry, Three-ply and other Carpets, Dressing Bureaus, China, Glass, Wardrobes; Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture, &c.; also large Feather Beds, &c. All of the above goods are in good order and must be sold. Dealers and others should attend.

WM. WITTERS, AUCTIONEER, WILL SELL THIS day, at 2 o'clock, at 454 Canal street, assignee's sale of a large lot of Household Furniture, &c., Linen Sheets, Bedding, Extension Table, Bureaus, &c., together with all other goods usually found in a well furnished house. By order of W. J. V. KINNISTRY, assignee.

HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., WANTED.

A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY DESIRES THE LOWER part of a modern House, between Thirty-sixth and Fifty-second streets, Sixth and Ninth avenues, by 1st of April. Answers must state terms and full particulars. Address Cool, 618 Eighth avenue, for three days.

A FAMILY, WITHOUT CHILDREN, DESIRE TO RENT a house immediately, and to board the present occupants. Location below Twentieth street preferred. Address, stating particulars, Lenox, box 2,641 Post office.

A SINGLE GENTLEMAN WANTS A HANDSOMELY furnished Sitting Room and Bedroom, in a private family preferred; location between Fourth and Sixth avenues, and Fourteenth and Twenty-third streets. No boarding houses need answer. Address H. M., box 176 Herald office.

AN ENGLISH BASEMENT HOUSE WANTED—Wanted, for one or more years, from 1st of May, by a small, careful family, a medium sized, furnished English Basement House, possessing all the modern improvements; terms must be reasonable, and location thoroughly respectable; it must be between Fourth and Sixth avenues, and not below Eighth street, nor above Thirtieth [illegible]

[illegible]

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
FROM NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief cabin passage $130
Second cabin passage 75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief cabin passage $110
Second cabin passage 60
The ships from New York call at Cork Harbor.
The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins.	AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone.	CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott.	AMERICA, Capt. Moodie.
AUSTRALASIAN, Capt. E. M. Hockley.	NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
	EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

SCOTIA, (now building.)
These vessels carry a clear white light at masthead; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

AMERICA, McAuley, leaves Boston,		Wednesday, March	6
AUSTRALASIAN, Hockley,	"	N. York,	Wednesday, March	13
NIAGARA, Moodie,	"	Boston,	Wednesday, March	20
ARABIA, Stone,	"	N. York,	Wednesday, March	27
CANADA, Anderson,	"	Boston,	Wednesday, April	3
AFRICA, Shannon,	"	N. York,	Wednesday, April	10
EUROPA, Cook,	"	Boston,	Wednesday, April	17
PERSIA, Judkins,	"	N. York,	Wednesday, April	24

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, 4 Bowling Green.

STEAM WEEKLY BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL, landing and embarking passengers at Queenstown, Ireland. The Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend despatching their full powered, Clyde built iron Steamships as follows:—
EDINBURGH .... Saturday, March 9
CITY OF MANCHESTER .... Saturday, March 16
ETNA .... Saturday, March 23
—and every Saturday at noon, from Pier 44, North river.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
First Cabin .... $75 | Steerage $30
Do. to London .... 80 | Do. to London 34
Steerage Return Tickets, good for six months 60
Passengers forwarded to Paris, Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at reduced through fares. Persons wishing to bring out their friends can buy tickets here at the following rates to New York:—From Liverpool or Queenstown, first cabin, $75, $85 and $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $40; from Queenstown, $30. These Steamers have superior accommodations for passengers, and carry experienced surgeons. They are built in water tight iron sections, and have patent fire annihilators on board. For further information apply in Liverpool to WILLIAM INMAN, agent, 22 Water street; in Glasgow, to WM. INMAN, No. 5 St. Enoch square; in Queenstown, to C. & W. D. SEYMOUR & CO.; in London, to EIVES & MACEY, 61 King William street; in Paris, to JULES DECOUE, No. 5 Place de la Bourse; in Philadelphia, to JOHN G. DALE, 109 Walnut street, or at the company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
Steamer Saturday, March 9,
The United States Mail Steamship
ADRIATIC
Jefferson Maury, Commander,
will leave from pier foot of Canal street, North River, on Saturday, March 9, for the above ports, touching at Queenstown, to land her mails.
The Adriatic has water tight compartments and is unexcelled for comfort, safety and speed.
Rates of Passage—Cabin to Havre $110
Rates of Passage—Cabin to Southampton 100
Second Cabin, to Southampton or Havre 60
For freight or passage, apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents,
54 and 55 South street.

STEAM—NEW YORK, SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
The Vanderbilt European line steamships will sail between New York, Southampton and Havre,
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

	From New York for Southampton and Havre.	Returning from Havre and Southampton.
ILLINOIS, Terry	Saturday, April 6	Wednesday, April 24
VANDERBILT, Lefevre,	" May 4	" May 22
ILLINOIS, Terry	" May 18	" June 5
VANDERBILT, Lefevre,	" June 15	" July 3

These ships have watertight compartments.
Certificates of passage issued from Europe to America.
Specie delivered in London or Paris.
D. TORRANCE, Agent, No. 5 Bowling Green, New York.
Sight drafts on London, Paris and Frankfort.

STEAMER OF APRIL SIXTH FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.
THE STEAMSHIP ILLINOIS, CAPT. F. H. TERRY, will sail from pier No. 3 North river, New York, at noon, Saturday, April 6, with mails, passengers and specie for England and France.
TO SOUTHAMPTON. TO HAVRE.
First cabin .... $75 First cabin $80
Third cabin .... 30 Third cabin 35
This steamship has been supplied with powerful new boilers, and has been refitted in the most thorough manner. Wrought iron bulkheads, absolutely watertight and fireproof, enclose her engines and boilers, and for safety, comfort and speed she ranks in the first class of ocean steamers.
Her next trip from New York will be on May 18.
D. TORRANCE, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling Green New York.
Sight Drafts on London, Paris and Frankfort.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMSHIP BREMEN, H. Wessels, commander, carrying the United States mail, will sail from pier 30 North river, foot of Chambers street, on
Saturday, March 16, at 12 o'clock M.,
FOR
BREMEN VIA SOUTHAMPTON,
taking passengers to
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN,
at the following rates:—
First cabin, $100; second cabin, $60; steerage, $35.
For freight or passage, apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
82 Broadway, up stairs.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
ON SATURDAY, MARCH 23,
THE UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMER
ARAGO,
D. Lines, Commander,
Will sail from pier No. 37 North river, foot of Beach street, on Saturday, March 30, at noon.
This steamship (unsurpassed for safety and comfort) has double engines under deck, enclosed by water tight compartments, which, besides other results, tend, in the event of collision or stranding, to keep the pumps free to work, and insure the safety of vessel and passengers.
For freight or passage apply to
SAMUEL M. FOX,
GEO. MACKENZIE,
Agents, No. 7 Broadway.
The steamer FULTON will sail April 27.

FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.
A first class steamer will leave New York on the 1st, 11th and 21st of each month, except when these dates fall on Sunday, when the day of departure will be the Monday following.
For freight or passage apply at the only office, No. 177 West street, corner of Warren. D. B. ALLEN, Agent.

JAMAICA AND NEW YORK SCREW STEAM PACKET Line, carrying the mail.—To sail for Kingston, Jamaica, on the 20th of each month. The mail steamship ZULU, Captain Edward Goodwin, will sail for the above port on Wednesday, March 20, from pier 37 North river. Passage—First cabin, $60; second cabin, $50; third class, $35. For freight or passage apply to WALDEN & BOOTH, Agents, 87 Broad street.

FOR MATANZAS.
TO SAIL ON FRIDAY, MARCH 8,
At 2 o'clock P. M.,
The United States mail steamship
MATANZAS, Liesegang, commander, is ready to receive freight at pier 30 North river, foot of Chambers street. For freight or passage apply to
MORA BROS., NAVARRO & CO.,
54 Exchange place.
Mails close at the Post office at 1 o'clock P. M. on the day of sailing.
No cargo received nor bills of lading signed the day of sailing.

FOR HAVANA.
UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP
QUAKER CITY,
R. W. SHUFELDT, Commander,
Will leave for the above port on Friday, March 15, at 12 o'clock, from pier 46 North river.
For freight or passage apply to
HARGOUS & CO.,
No. 33 South street.

HAVANA AND NEW ORLEANS,
EVERY TEN DAYS.
TO SAIL ON MONDAY, MARCH 11, at 12 o'clock,
The steamship
CAHAWBA,
J. W. Smith, commander,
Is now receiving freight, and will sail as above from pier foot of Murray street, North river.
Horses taken on all the steamers.
LIVINGSTON, CROCHERON & CO., 58 Murray st.
The steamship DE SOTO sails March 21.
Goods purchased previous to March 1 and shipped per Cahawba avoid the payment of duties at New Orleans.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.—THE BRITISH and North American royal mail steamship KARNAK, Captain Lemerrier, will sail for the above ports from the company's wharf, at Jersey City, on
Monday .... March 4
Saturday .... March 30
RATES OF PASSAGE.
To Nassau $45
To Havana 60
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR SAVANNAH AND THE SOUTH.
The steamships of the American Atlantic Steamship Company will leave pier 13 North river on the following days:
MONTGOMERY, Capt. Berry, Saturday, March 9.
The steamers of this line are all new, and are not surpassed in elegance, comfort, safety and speed by any on the ocean.
Tickets to New Orleans, $29 75; Mobile, $25; Montgomery, $25; Memphis, $32 75; Nashville, $27 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Chattanooga, $25; Albany, $23; Columbus, $21; Atlanta, $21; Macon, $20; Augusta, $17 50; Savannah, $15. Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., 85 West street, and 335 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND OTHER POINTS AS BELOW.—The first class steamship AUGUSTA, Captain M. S. Woodhull, will leave on Saturday, March 9, at 4 P. M., from pier No. 13 North river. Through tickets can be had for the following places:—New Orleans, $29 75; Mobile, $25; Montgomery, $25; Columbus, $22; Albany, $23; Atlanta, $21; Eufaula, $24; Chattanooga, $25; Nashville, $27 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Memphis, $32 75; Augusta, $17 50; Macon, $20; Savannah, $15. For freight or passage apply at No. 13 Broadway.
The FLORIDA, Captain Isaac Crowell, will succeed and leave on Wednesday, March 13, at 4 P. M.
SAMUEL L. MITCHILL & SON, New York, | Agents.
JOHN E. WILDER & GALLIE, Savannah, |

NORTH CAROLINA—WEEKLY.
The new and first class steamship NORTH CAROLINA, Captain William Powell, will leave pier 13, North river, for Wilmington, N. C., on Saturday, March 9, at 3 P. M., connecting with Wilmington and Weldon and Wilmington and Manchester Railroads.
Goods forwarded to all parts of North and South Carolina free of commission.
Freight eight cents per foot and proportionate rates.
Insurance one half per cent.
Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
85 West street and 335 Broadway.
The PARKERSBURG will succeed and leave on Saturday, March 16.

THROUGH FREIGHT ARRANGEMENT.—FOR NORfolk, Portsmouth, City Point and Richmond, connecting with Norfolk and Petersburg and Southside Railroad, for Lynchburg, Bristol, Memphis and intermediate places.
Freights received every day, and through receipts furnished, at pier 13 North river.
Steamship JAMESTOWN, Captain Skinner, leaves every Tuesday, at 3 P. M.
Steamship YORKTOWN, Captain Parrish, every Saturday, at 3 P. M.
Steamship ROANOKE, Captain Couch, leaves every Thursday, at 3 P. M.
Freight to Norfolk, seven cents per foot; to City Point, eight cents, and Richmond, nine cents.
Passage to Norfolk, stateroom and meals included, $8; to Petersburg or Richmond, $10; children between the ages of 3 and 12, half price. LUDLAM & HEINEKEN,
No. 115 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

FOR MELBOURNE, AUSTRALIA.—KANGAROO LINE—Packet for March 12 guaranteed the only vessel sailing to March, carrying second cabin passengers. The splendid clipper ship HUSSAR, 1,200 tons, Howland, commander. Accommodations all on deck. Early application for first and second cabin passage must be made. Apply to or address Mailler, Lord & Quereau, 108 Wall street.

FINANCIAL.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
50 Wall street, New York,
issue letters of credit to travellers, available in all parts of Europe, through the Messrs. Rothschild of Paris, London, Frankfort, Vienna, Naples, and their correspondents.

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD by JOHN BILSEY, 21 Broadway.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO., BANKERS, NO. 50 WALL street, New York, issue letters of credit to travellers, available in all parts of Europe, through the Messrs. Rothschild of Paris, London, Frankfort, Vienna, Naples, and their correspondents.

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF DETROIT AND MILwaukee Railway first and second mortgage bonds.—Holders of the first mortgage (7 per cent) and second mortgage (8 per cent) bonds of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway Company, are hereby notified that a mortgage has been executed by the Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad Company to Alexander Hamilton Sibley, Charles John Brydges and Richard Irvin, Trustees, giving additional security for the payment of the coupons, due May 15 and November 15, 1860, May 15 and November 15, 1861, and May 15, 1862. Holders of the said coupons can avail themselves of the privilege of this mortgage and receive bonds in exchange therefor, by presenting them at the office of the undersigned, No. 22 Pine street, New York; at the office of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad Company, in Detroit, or at the office of the Great Western Railway Company, in London, England. Printed copies of the mortgage will be furnished to any bondholders at either of the places above mentioned, or on application at No. 22 Pine street. A. H. SIBLEY, Managing Trustee.
New York, Feb. 27, 1861.

$15,000 WANTED—FOR THREE YEARS. SEcured by a mortgage on 200 acres of land near Yonkers. Apply to LOCKWOOD & STRICKLAND, 112 Broadway.

$18,000 TO LOAN ON CITY PROPERTY. APply to W. H. WHITTEMORE, 91 Maiden lane.

LOAN OFFICES.

AT 66 NASSAU STREET.—A. HONIGMAN, DIAMOND Broker, makes liberal advances on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, &c., or buys them at full value, at his private office, No. 66 Nassau street, room No. 2, up stairs. Business confidential.

AT 668 BROADWAY, CORNER OF PRINCE STREET, room 5, up stairs.—Money advanced, from $1 to $30,000, on Diamonds, Watches, Dry Goods, Segars, and every description of Merchandise. All transactions will be confidential. BAUMGARTEN & CO.

AT 11 CHAMBERS STREET.—MONEY TO LOAN TO any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, &c., by the well known and old established ISAACS, broker and commission merchant, 11 Chambers street. N. B.—No business transacted on Saturday.

ADVANCES MADE ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, Jewelry and Silverware, or bought for cash at the highest prices. Old Gold and Silver bought. Apply at the old established offices of L. JACOBS, 67 William street; branch 407 Broadway.

AT 63 CEDAR STREET.—HENRY HYMAN, DIAMOND broker. Cash advanced on Diamonds, set or unset; Watches, Watch Movements, Silver Ware, Jewelry, Segars, &c., or bought for cash. Opposite the Post office, room No. 1, up stairs, 63 Cedar street.

AT 111 GRAND STREET, THREE DOORS WEST OF Broadway—Money advanced on Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Plate, Dry Goods and personal property of every description, or bought and sold, by JOSEPH A. JACKSON, auctioneer and broker.

ADVANCES ON DIAMONDS, PLATE, WATCHES, JEWELRY, PAINTINGS, PIANOS, DRY GOODS, &c., Or will buy the same for cash at his private office. The highest price paid for diamonds, loose or set.
J. H. BARRINGER, 170 Broadway, room 25, up stairs.

PAWNBROKERS' TICKETS WANTED—AT 308 BROADway, corner of Fulton street. The highest price paid for Pawnbrokers' Tickets for Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Revolvers, Guns, &c. &c. H. NEWTON, 308 Broadway, southeast corner of Fulton street, room 9.

SPORTING.

YACHT REBECCA FOR SALE.—SHE CAN BE SEEN at Greenpoint.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CARD.—THE UNDERSIGNED, MANUFACTURER for the last sixteen years, of the justly celebrated IXL Legee Buttonhole Twist; and since the general introduction of the sewing machine, maker of the acknowledged superior article called the Legee IXL Sewing Machine Twist, would most respectfully announce that he has entered the market entirely on his own account, and intends to keep constantly on hand and for sale a full and complete assortment of unrivalled Buttonhole Twist and Machine Twist, to be known by the name of Star Legee Twist. All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. Price lists to be had on application, by letter or otherwise, to yours, very respectfully, JAMES LOVATT, 179 Bank street, Newark, N. J.

AMALGAM BELLS.
At prices within the reach of every church, school house, factory, cemetery or farm in the land. Their use all over the United States for the past two years has proven them to combine more valuable qualities than any other, among which tone, strength, durability, vibrations and sonorous qualities are unequalled by any other manufacturer. Sizes, 50 to 5,000 lbs., costing less than half other metal, for 12½ cents per lb., at which price we warrant them twelve months. Send for circular for sizes, guarantees, &c.
M. C. CHADWICK & CO.,
190 William street.

AGENCY WANTED—A GENTLEMAN WHO HAS been for the last six years engaged in business in Philadelphia, and who is extensively known, has a large and showy store on Chestnut street, and could make sale of a desirable article, without detriment to his own business. No agency taken unless a paying one. Those wanting a branch in Philadelphia, with proper attention, can address Merchant, Blood's Despatch, Philadelphia.

DEAFNESS.—A NEWLY INVENTED INSTRUMENT for extreme cases of deafness, called the Sound Magnifier, Organic Vibrator and Invisible Voice Conductor. It fits into the ear so as not to be in the least perceptible, the unpleasant sensation of singing noises in the head is entirely removed. It affords instant relief to deaf persons, and enables them to hear distinctly at church and at public assemblies. Price £2 12s. Every other kind of hearing instrument. Messrs. SOLOMONS, Opticians, 39 Albemarle street, Piccadilly, W., London, England.

EMPIRE BAGGAGE AND FURNITURE EXPRESS, 160 West Houston street; baggage called for and delivered; furniture packed and shipped; two and four horse wagons for the removal of furniture in the city or country; also storage; pianos and glasses carefully removed.
GEORGE F. NORTON, Proprietor.

FRENCH WHITE ZINC PAINT—DRY AND IN OIL, red and green Seal, at reduced prices for cash, for sale at the Vieille Montagne Company's depot, No. 42 Greene street.

LEAKY ROOFS CURED WITH ELLERY'S PATENT Rubber Paint—One coat a foot, and warranted. 606 Grand street, 37 Park row, 153 Bowery, 46 Eighth avenue, 62 East Fourteenth street, 600 Sixth avenue and junction Broadway and Forty sixth street. Rights and Paint for sale.

MAILLARD'S CELEBRATED CHOCOLATE.
FAMILY CHOCOLATE 25 CENTS.
CHOCOLATE DE SANTE PERFECTIONE.
CHOCOLATE A LA VANILLA.
CHOCOLATE DOUBLE VANILLA.
CHOCOLATE PAR EXCELLENCE.
CHOCOLATE CREAM DROPS.
CHOCOLATE CARAMELS.
All the above Chocolate are made from the best material and warranted pure.
FOR SALE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL by,
HENRY MAILLARD,
621 BROADWAY. Factory 158 and 160 Mercer street.

MARBLE MANTELS.—GREAT BARGAINS IN MANtels, a large stock on hand, and a great reduction in prices for any kind ordered this month. Call soon at A. KLABER'S Marble Yard, 111 East Eighteenth street, west of Third avenue. Mantels put up in any place in the country.

MAIZE BAKERY.—JACOB SCHWAN, MAIZE BAKER, 43 Mott street, near Bayard street, and 183 Canal street, corner of Mott street, in the basement, sells Maize of the finest flour, at 7 cents per lb. Orders promptly executed.

NEXT OF KIN WANTED.—ALL FAMILIES WHO ARE heir to property in foreign countries are hereby notified that there is a large amount of property laying in her Majesty's Treasury, England, and in the hands of administrators, belonging to persons in the United States and English colonies, to which their immediate attention is solicited—no matter how old the claim. A full record of all the names entitled to property, and those to whom letters should be addressed in England, will be sent post free, on receipt of thirty cents, or United States postage stamps, by return mail, by WM. W. S. ORBETON & CO., sole proprietors for United States, Haverhill, Mass.

NOTICE TO BUTCHERS.—6½ CENTS PAID FOR rough feet, cash on delivery, at 190 Elizabeth street, or at 5 Abbattoir place, West Thirty-ninth street and Eleventh avenue, by JAMES BUCHAN & CO.

PAINTERS AND DEALERS IN PAINT BRUSHES will find a superior quality of Paint and Sash Brushes, &c., at the brush factory, 329 Pearl street, Harpers' buildings. JOHN K. HOPPEL.

ROBBINS, WALBRIDGE, ISAACS & CO.,
28 and 30 VESEY STREET,
Have purchased the entire annual lot of
DAMAGED INDIA RUBBER COMBS,
of the INDIA RUBBER COMB COMPANY, and offer them to the TRADE cheap
FOR CASH.

SIXTH, EIGHTH AND NINTH AVENUE CARS.—LAdies, if you wish for yourselves and families Boots and Shoes of all the various styles, stop at MILLER'S crossing, 387 Canal street.

SONTAW'S OLD CABINET WHISKEY IS A PURE Whiskey, put up in cases of one dozen quart bottles each, expressly for medicinal and family purposes. For sale by druggists and grocers, or by the sole agent, G. F. WELLMAN, 131 Pearl street.

"SAVE THE FALLEN."
DR ZELL'S NERVINE POWDERS
Will cure
"LOVE OF STRONG DRINK."
For sale at 63 Division street and 314 Eighth avenue, New York; at Hayes', 176 Fulton street, Brooklyn and Mercer's, 234 Broad street, Newark, N. J. F. C. WELLS & CO., General Agents, 115 Franklin street, N. Y. Price, one dollar.

STUBS' TOOLS AND FILES, ENGRAVER'S TOOLS and Rifle Files, Jewelers' Scales and Weights, Turning Lathes, Steel Numbers, Screw Cutting Tools, &c., at the very lowest prices. W. H. FRASSE, 56 Chatham street.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR GOUT AND Rheumatism.—All sufferers from the above complaints, either of recent or long standing, are advised to use Blair's Gout and Rheumatic Pills. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered the public, and have been universally used in Europe for many years for the above complaints. Price 35 and 75 cents per box. Prepared by Prout & Harsant, London, England, and sold by their agent, Milton Harsant, Fifty-third street and Broadway, and by F. C. Wells & Co., 115 Franklin street, N. Y. Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorized the name and address of "Thomas Prout, 229 Strand, London," to be impressed upon the government stamps affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR,
With Filter and Water Cooler combined, is the cheapest and best self-ventilating provision preserver in the world. BARTLETT & LESLEY, Manufacturers, 426 Broadway, N. Y.

THE TURF.

THE CELEBRATED TROTTING STALLION, GEO. M. PATCHEN, will stand for a limited number of mares, at the premises of the subscriber, known as the Dyckman farm, near Kingsbridge, in the city of New York. The season will commence on the 7th of March instant. Persons desirous of having mares served will please make early application, as, when the limited number is complete, no further applications can be received. Good stables on the premises and 400 acres of pasturage. Terms for the season $100, and reasonable charges for keeping the mares.
WM. WALTERMIRE, Washington Drove Yard, N. Y.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

A PORTION OF THE PRIVATE ESTABLISHMENT of I. M. Singer for sale. Ten Horses and six Carriages, all first class. Carriage house 68 West Ninth street, near Fifth avenue.

AN ELEGANT PARK PHAETON FOR SALE—BUILT by Albert, of London, in the most thorough manner; cost $1,100; will be sold for less than half, and has been used but three times. Apply at Private Stable, 53 West Eighteenth street, near Sixth avenue.

A FAMILY GOING TO EUROPE WISH TO DISPOSE of their Horses, Carriage and Harness, together or separately. The horses are five and six years old, a beautiful mahogany brown, with long tails, 16½ hands high, kind, sound and very stylish. The carriage is an open caleche, by Brewster, and used only since August. The harness used but a few times. Inquire for David, at King's stable, Forty-first street, near Madison avenue, from 9 o'clock A. M. till 2 P. M.

A PAIR OF WELL MATCHED BAY HORSES, IN fine condition, for sale cheap. Apply to Dr. J. LEATHE, 502 Grand street, N. Y.

A BAY MORGAN HORSE, 8 YEARS OLD, 15½ HANDS high, sound and kind, warranted to trot in 2:45; also a new full spring box Jagger Wagon and fine Harness, nearly new, for sale cheap at 95 East Thirty-second street.

BAY HORSE, 16 HANDS, 6 YEARS OLD, SOUND, kind and gentle, $200; Canadian Pony, Wagon and Harness, $160; four good work Horses cheap; a good Cart and Harness, $60; three good second hand Wagons and Harness; a Cow, with Calf by her; gives 15 quarts per day; price $60. Apply at 72 Charles street.

COACHMAN, CARRIAGE AND HORSES.—THESE three, each excellent in their way, can be enquired of by calling at 111 Pearl st. Hanover square.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF GRAY CANADIAN HORSES, 14½ hands high, 6 years old this spring, one of which can trot in three minutes and trot together in 3½, perfectly sound and kind, and just from Canada. Apply at 630 Eighth avenue. Also a roan Horse, 7 years old. Can trot in 2:45 with ease.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL BAY MARE, 14½ HANDS high, eight years old, gentle to ride or drive, suitable for a doctor or lady's saddle horse; will stand without tying. Also, a light Top Wagon and single Harness, almost new. Will be sold together or separately. Inquire at Taylor's stables, corner of Forty-second street and Broadway.

FOR SALE—A BAY HAMBLETONIAN HORSE, SIX years old, 15½ hands; can trot in 2:50; a splendid saddle horse, with prunell top Wagon, Harness, Whip, &c. Must be sold for want of money. Apply at 95 East Thirty-second street.

FOR SALE—ONE LARGE CURTAIN CARRIAGE, nearly new. One Victoria, in use about two months. One pair chestnut colored Horses, fast trotters, kind and sound; one set Carriage Harness and one set single Harness. The above can be seen at the stable in Lexington avenue, three doors from Twenty-third street, west side, between Twenty third and Twenty-fourth streets, from 7 to 10 A. M. and from 4 to 7 P. M.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME BAY SADDLE HORSE, kind and gentle. May be seen at the stable, 67 Tenth street. For particulars inquire at 86 Tenth street.

FOR SALE—A BAY MARE, 14½ HANDS HIGH, BLOOD bay, 7 years old, sound and kind; trots in 3:00. Also a splendid no top Wagon, Harness, Robe, Blankets, Whip, &c. The above is the property of a gentleman, and will be sold at a bargain. Apply at 95 East Thirty-second street.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A FIRST CLASS GROcer's Wagon, with light top, Horse and Harness, all in complete order. Apply at 517 Sixth avenue.

FIRST CLASS DEVON FRESH COW FOR SALE—Warranted to milk 25 quarts per day, and warranted to make 10 lbs. of butter per week, or no sale. Call at 153 East Twenty fifth street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A CANADIAN PONY, WAGON and Harness complete, suitable for a plumber, grocery or pedler. Apply, after 10 A. M., at the Union House, corner East Broadway and Catharine street.

HORSES FOR SALE.—A BAY COLT, FOUR YEARS old, 15 hands high, warranted sound and gentle to ride or drive. Also a fine gray Mare, five years old, 15½ hands high, perfectly sound and thoroughly trained to the saddle; likewise very gentle in harness, either single or double. Will be sold at a bargain, as the owners have no further use for them. Can be seen at Messrs. TURNER'S stables, 430 Sixth avenue, corner of Twenty-sixth street.

HORSES FOR SALE.—A FINE CHESTNUT HORSE, 9 years old; sound and kind every way; suitable for a doctor or baker. Also a fine gray Pony, suitable for a lady's saddle horse. These horses have just arrived from the country. Can be seen at 19 Vestry street, N. Y., from 9 to 4, until sold.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, GROCERS' AND BUSINESS Wagons for sale—the largest stock in the city. Also, second hand Wagons and Carriages of all kinds, and fifty Horses selling off cheap, at 154 Fulton avenue, and 10 Nevins street, Brooklyn.

LIGHT ROAD WAGON FOR SALE—A VERY NEAT, handsome no top Buggy; weighs 210 pounds; built to order in this city by a first rate maker; cost $225, and used but five times; will be sold for $115, including a new large linen Cover. Can be seen at 24 West Thirteenth street.

PONIES, PONIES, PONIES.—ONE HUNDRED SHETland, Scotch and Welsh Ponies have just arrived from Europe, of all colors, sizes and ages, from 8 to 14 hands high, for sale cheap, in Forty-second street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues. GEO. T. HALL.

PHILLIPS' STABLES.—THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE now prepared to receive private and sale Horses at their spacious stables, 600 Seventh avenue (Broadway square), between Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth streets. They are without exception the neatest and healthiest stables in the city. Constantly for sale, Horses, Carriages and Harness of every description. If you wish to buy or sell call at our stables and you can be accommodated. THOMAS PHILLIPS & SON.

ROAD WAGONS.—BREWSTER & CO., 372 AND 374 Broome street, corner of Mott street, are prepared to receive orders for their superior Wagons, deliverable at any period during the coming season. In addition to other improvements which have given their work the highest reputation for durability and elegance, they would direct special attention to their "improved Side Bar," rendering their "half spring" Wagons superior to all others in strength and elasticity. Although making road wagons a special feature of their business they would also invite orders for every style of pleasure Carriage for town and country.

SIX HORSES, FROM THREE TO SEVEN YEARS OLD, six Buggies, two Rockaways, brewer's Wagon, half spring Cart, platform spring feed Wagon and a stone Truck. Inquire at 44 Mott street.

TO HORSEMEN.—THIS TIME OF THE YEAR HORSES shed their coat, feel weak, nervous and lose their appetite. Tobias' Derby Condition Powders will bring them in condition, and at the same time give a fine, silky coat, bright eyes, remove all fever and inflammation. One trial will convince. Warranted to contain nothing injurious. Only 25 cents a box. Sold by all druggists. Office 56 Cortlandt street.

VERMONT HORSE FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST perfect horses in the States; is a bright sorrel, pony built, dog tail, 15½ hands high, six years old in June, and never in a dealer's hands; very stylish, and will trot in 2:51; gentle as a lamb, and will undergo any veterinary examination. Price $800—cheap at $900. To be seen at Sherret's stables, 22 and 24 West Thirteenth street.

WANTED—A MARE, 15½ HANDS HIGH, THAT CAN trot in 2:48 on the track with heavy wagon. A good price will be paid for the same, but no fancy price. Address, with price, Alexis, Herald office. Also, a Brood Mare, of from six to seven years old, but known to be very fast; 15½ to 16 hands high.

WANTED—A GRAY HORSE, WITH LONG TAIL, 15½ hands high, to weigh over one thousand pounds; must be a prompt driver, and able to show 2:50 to a wagon. The above description required, as the animal is wanted for the pole. Address, with lowest price, J. W., 313 Washington st.

MEDICAL.

A WORD TO THE SUFFERING.—TRY DR. WARD, 453 Broadway. His great remedies cure permanently with despatch.

BOTH SEXES ARE IN A SEA OF IGNORANCE AND suffering without that medical and physiological compass, Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide. 400 pages, 100 pictures. Mailed by Lawrence, No. 1 Vesey street, for $1, or the author, 647 Broadway, up stairs, daily; also Thursday, 7 to 9 P. M.

CONSULT DR. WARD, 453 BROADWAY.—THE EARLY application to a competent physician saves much future misery.

DR. HUNTER HAS FOR THIRTY YEARS CONFINED his attention to diseases of a certain class in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases without an instance of failure. His great remedy, Dr. Hunter's Red Drop, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb unless the remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere than at the old office, No. 3 Division street. Book for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse.

DR. WARD, 453 BROADWAY, IS UNAPPROACHED among physicians in curing certain diseases. Try his great remedies and read his practical treatise.

DR. CORBETT, MEMBER OF THE NEW YORK UNIversity (Medical College), has removed from 19 Duane street to his very convenient suit of offices, at 20 Centre street, between Chambers and Reade, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on certain Diseases. Thirty years in his present speciality enables him to make speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—See Dr. C.'s diploma in his office. Private entrance No. 8 City Hall place. Charges moderate.

DR. H. A. BARROW, 194 BLEECKER STREET, FOUR doors from Macdougal street, New York, author of that popular Medical Work, "Human Frailty," may be consulted as usual, from 11 till 2, and from 4 to 8, Sundays till 2.

DR. WARD, 453 BROADWAY, IS DAILY CONSULTED confidentially with complete and gratifying success. Attends till 10 P. M.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE STREET, MAY BE CONsulted on all diseases of a certain nature. Twenty eight years exclusively devoted to these complaints, enable him to warrant a cure in all cases. The victims of misplaced confidence in medical pretenders can call, with a certainty of being radically cured or no pay.

DR. RALPH—OFFICES 139 CROSBY STREET; HOURS 10½ to 2 and 6 till 8, Sundays excepted.

PROFESSOR RESTELL, 162 CHAMBERS STREET, can be consulted as usual, or by letter addressed to box 2,369 New York Post office.

SURE CURES BY DR. WARD, 453 BROADWAY, UP stairs. His Unfortunate's Friend and other remedies are the unfailing reliance.

BILLIARDS.

A LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF BILLIARD Tables, with every variety of fancy wood, with Decker's patent improved cushions, at prices to suit the times. Also trimmings of every description.
L. DECKER, 90 Ann street.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF FRENCH, ENGLISH AND American Billiard Tables, with
PHELAN'S COMBINATION CUSHIONS,
now on hand, and at prices to suit the times.
PHELAN & COLLENDER,
63, 65, 67 and 69 Crosby street, N. Y.

MUSICAL.

A MAGNIFICENT SEVEN OCTAVE ROSEWOOD Pianoforte for sale—Richly carved legs and case, full iron plate, round corners, inlaid with rosewood; overstrung bass, inlaid with pearl and pearl keys; made to order for the present owner by city makers; fully guaranteed; sold for years: been in use but five months; cost $550, will be sold for $250, including Stool and Cover. Also, elegant Drawing room Set, cost $300, for $150. Inquire at 70 West Twenty sixth street, near Sixth avenue.

A GREATLY IMPROVED PIANOFORTE.
LIGHTE & BRADBURY,
Manufacturers of a new scale of overstrung bass, patent insulated full iron frame, grand and square Pianoforte, 421 Broome street. Pianos to let.

CHICKERING & SONS
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS,
694 Broadway, New York.

GREATEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED IN SEVEN octave rosewood Pianofortes; prices $125, $135 and $150. Pianos to let; rent applied if purchased. CHAS. J. BETTS, late Gibb & Jackson, No. 4 Leroy place, Bleecker street.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, ALEXANDRE ORGANS—AT the lowest possible prices. Second hand Pianos at great bargains, from $25 to $150. One seven octave, second hand, front round corners, fancy legs, fretwork desk and overstrung, for $175. Pianos and Melodeons to rent, and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. HORACE WATERS, Agent, 333 Broadway, N. Y.

PIANOFORTE AT A SACRIFICE.—A BEAUTIFUL seven octave Piano, elegant rosewood case, modern improvements, but eight months in use, including stool, for $90, immediate cash, as the owner is going West. It can be seen for two days at 143 avenue A, corner of Tenth street.

TENOR VOCALIST
Of both the Italian and English Schools,
MR. R. G. PAIGE,
Teacher of Singing, &c.,
Requests that all applications for Concerts or for Instruction may be left for him at Wm. Hall & Son's music store, Broadway.

UPRIGHT COTTAGE PIANOS, FOR SMALL ROOMS OR country houses, at moderate prices. Pianos and Melodeons at $40, $65, $80, $100, $125, $150, $175, &c., by T. H. CHAMBERS, in the Bible House, Eighth street, corner of Fourth avenue.

$175.—RARE CHANCE TO BUY A SEVEN OCTAVE rosewood, iron frame, overstrung Piano for $175; used only three months; worth $300. Guaranteed by T. H. CHAMBERS, in the Bible House, Eighth street, corner of Fourth avenue.

INSTRUCTION.

ACADEMY OF LANGUAGES, 933 BROADWAY, SOUTHeast corner of Twenty-first street.—Instruction given in French, German, Spanish, Italian, English, Latin and Greek. Ladies' hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gentlemen from 4 to 10 P. M. Terms in classes $10 per quarter. Apply to F. MARTINELLI, Principal.

AT PAINE'S — BOOKKEEPING, PENMANSHIP, Arithmetic, &c., without which young men are incompetent to enter into business for themselves or others—are taught at hours suiting, day or evening. Ladies' Writing Lessons, $2 for twenty lessons, at Paine's Mercantile College, 62 Bowery and 281 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

ACADEMIES OF PENMANSHIP AND BOOKKEEPing, No. 921 Broadway, New York, and No. 15 Court street, Brooklyn.—All Bookkeeping Pupils will receive a full course of penmanship without charge. Call for circulars.
OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH.

FRENCH AND GERMAN LANGUAGES.—PROF. E. TELLEBING, 819 Broadway, corner of Twelfth street (established 1832), will receive new applications for private instruction and conversation in the aforesaid and classical languages, and make translations of correspondence, &c.

ITALIAN LANGUAGE.—A PRACTICAL, SHORT AND easy method, only adapted for those desirous of singing Italian operas with a pure accent; French, Spanish and Italian lessons of Grammar, and a superior course of their literature, may be had at the Polyglott Institute, 651 Broadway. Call there between 11 and 3 P. M., or at No. 2 Washington place, between 6 and 7 P. M. L. PALMA DI CESNOLA.

ONE DOLLAR A MONTH.—FRENCH LESSONS GIVEN by a Parisian lady. Classes formed on the fourteenth of March. Two lessons a week will be given on Mondays and Thursdays, commencing at half-past seven in the evening. For address apply at 805 Broadway.

PROF. LONG'S INSTITUTION FOR PRIVATE ADULT tuition in writing, bookkeeping, grammar, composition, &c., 163 Sixth avenue. By his new method of teaching, writing without copybooks, ladies and gentlemen may acquire a very superior hand in twelve lessons. See specimens.

SPANISH TEACHER.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG MAN, a Spanish teacher, a lady and one who can give lessons; evenings preferred. Address, stating terms, D., Crook's Hotel, 60 Chatham street.

TWO NEW ENGLAND LADIES, EXPERIENCED IN tuition, desire re-engagement as Teachers, in families or schools, or would like to hear of an opening for a day school; their course of instruction comprises music, French (spoken) and the various branches of English; no objection to the West; unexceptionable references exchanged. Address Tuition, box 1,584 New York Post office.

WANTED—BY A LADY, A SITUATION TO TEACH the plain English branches in a school or private family in the city or country. Unexceptionable references given. Address Miss E. Loring, Brooklyn Post office.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,
No. 806 Broadway, New York.
No. 137 Montague street, Brooklyn.
Wednesdays and Saturdays in New York. Mondays and Thursdays, Tuesdays and Fridays in Brooklyn. Circulars of terms, &c., may be had at either Academy.

INSURANCE.

SIXTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
NEW YORK
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway, New York.

Amount of assets January 1, 1860		$1,767,133 24
Amount of premiums, endowments and policy fees received during 1860	$496,577 31	
Amount received in trust for minor children	357 39	
Amount of interest received and accrued	104,103 32	
Amount of rents received and accrued	7,8[illegible] 62	
		608,839 45
Total		$2,375,972 69
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Paid for losses by death	$2[illegible],007 68	
Paid for surrendered and cancelled policies	31,373 90	
Paid for taxes	7,0[illegible] 10	
Paid for interest on dividends and annuity	38,773 89	
Paid for salaries, and fees to physicians and trustees	19,019 67	
Paid for printing, stationery, advertising, office expenses, express charges, &c.	7,997 43	
Paid for commissions, medical examinations at agencies, postages, exchanges, &c.	58,215 30	
Reductions in value of real estate, being in lieu of rent of offices, 112 and 114 Broadway	4,033 09	
		371,115 16
Total		$2,004,857 53
ASSETS.		
Cash in bank	$51,930 05	
Invested in securities created under the laws of the State of New York and of the United States	301,004 84	
Real estate owned by the company	130,449 95	
Bonds and mortgages drawing 7 per cent interest	663,155 39	
Premium notes on existing policies drawing interest	756,057 88	
Quarterly and semi annual premiums due subsequent to January 1, 1861	22,414 74	
Interest accrued up to Jan. 1, 1861	33,371 06	
Rents do. do. do.	2,163 38	
Premiums on policies in hands of agents	33,986 30	
		$2,004,857 53

The Trustees have declared the usual scrip dividend of THIRTY PER CENT on all policies for the whole term of life now in force, which were issued twelve months prior to Jan. 1, 1861. They have also directed the redemption in cash of dividends declared in the years 1846, 1847, 1848 and 1849, on and after the first Monday in March to those holding certificates upon presentation at the Home Office; and those having credits will be allowed the same upon their notes at settlement of next premium.

TRUSTEES.

Morris Franklin,	John L. Rogers,
Henry J. Seaman,	Loring Andrews,
Daniel S. Miller,	William Barton,
George Greer,	Pliny Freeman,
William Patrick,	John G. Bussing,
William H. Appleton,	David Dows,
John M. Nixon,	Wm. Coxe Dusenbury,
Isaac C. Kendall,	John Nairy,
John E. Williams,	Russell Dart,
Robert B. Collins.	

MORRIS FRANKLIN, President.
PLINY FREEMAN, Actuary.
Medical Examiners, | CORNELIUS R. BOGERT, M. D.
| GEORGE WILKES, M. D.

ASTROLOGY.

A BONA FIDE ASTROLOGIST, THAT EVERY ONE can depend on, is Madame WILSON, who tells the object of your visit as soon as you enter her room. Madame Wilson is the greatest astrologist that was ever known. She will invoke the powers of her wonderful science, and tell all the events of your whole life. Her predictions are so true that they surprise every one that consults her. Some ladies may get a little timid, though they need not fear, for she practices nothing but what is reasonable to philosophers. All should consult this most wonderful and mysterious lady. Her advice has never been known to fail, and twenty thousand dollars reward to any one who can equal her in the above science. Madame Wilson is in possession of the celebrated magic charms, which are ever certain in their effect. Truly may she be called a wonderful woman. 180 Allen street, between Houston and Stanton, over the bakery. Fee for ladies and gentlemen 50 cents.

ASTONISHING.—MADAME MORROW, SEVENTH daughter, born with a caul and gift of foresight, tells how soon and often you will marry, and many events, even your very thoughts. Fee 25 cents. 184 Ludlow street, below Houston.

CORA A. SEAMAN, INDIAN DOCTRESS AND INDEpendent Business Clairvoyant, has removed from 161 Gorck street to 239 Division street, where she can be consulted upon all subjects as usual. N. B.—My Indian Vegetable Hair Restorer sold here.

CLAIRVOYANCE.—MRS. SEYMOUR'S MEDICAL Clairvoyant Rooms, 210½ East Twentieth street, between First and Second avenues. The most critical, medical and business consultations day and evening, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed always, or no pay.

MADAME RAY, 200 SEVENTH AVENUE, NEAR Twenty seventh street, surprises all who visit her. The sick, troubled and unlucky should test her power. She tells your very thoughts, lucky numbers, losses. Ladies, 25 cents; gents, 50 cents.

N. B.—WHO HAS NOT HEARD OF THE CELEbrated Mme. PREWSTER, who has been consulted by thousands in this and other cities with entire satisfaction? She feels confident she has no equal. She tells the name of future wife or husband, and that of her visiter. If you wish truth give her a call, at 251 Third avenue, above Twenty first street. Ladies, 50 cents; gentlemen, $1.

WHO WOULD NOT GO WHERE FORTUNE IS?—GO, ye, see Miss WELLINGTON, the great English prophetess, the best of all, and cannot be excelled. Can be consulted, personally or by letter, on all affairs of life, concerning law suits, journeys, absent friends, love, courtship, marriage, health, wealth, and who will reclaim drunken and unfaithful husbands. Miss W. is the only person in this city who has the genuine Roman and Arabian talismans for love, good luck and all business affairs, and are guarantees for life. Delay not to consult this naturally gifted and beautiful young lady. Lucky numbers given. Highly respectable city references can be seen at her residence, 191 Sixth avenue, opposite Eighth street.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager .... Mr. J. M. Nixon
GREATEST
ENGAGEMENT ON RECORD.
SEVENTY-FIFTH NIGHT
OF
EDWIN FORREST.
THIS FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1861,
POSITIVELY
LAST NIGHT,
LAST NIGHT, LAST NIGHT, LAST NIGHT,
Of the famous historical
PRIZE TRAGEDY, PRIZE TRAGEDY, PRIZE TRAGEDY,
JACK CADE,
THE BONDMAN OF KENT.
Written by Judge Conrad, of Philadelphia, the sentiments of which are so
PURELY NATIONAL AND PATRIOTIC
As to command the approval and admiration of all who have witnessed its performance, and make it an ornament to the dramatic literature of our country.
JACK CADE (under the assumed name of Aylmere) .... Mr. EDWIN FORREST
A character
TRULY HIS OWN,
And as the
CHAMPION OF THE PEOPLE
Illustrates in a succession of thrilling scenes the
FIRST REVOLT OF THE ANGLO-SAXON RACE FOR FREEDOM.
The dramatis personæ with which the management presents this great American work to the public is indisputably the most perfect cast which it has ever been given with since it was first produced, viz:—
Wat Worthy .... } Yeomen { .... Mr. Charles Fisher
Will Mowbray .... } { .... Mr. Harkins
Lacy, a Friar of the Order of the Mendicants .... Mr. Canoll
Jack Shaw .... } Villains or Bondmen on } .... Mr. Martin
Dick Pembroke .... } the Barony of Say } .... Mr. Cooke
Roger Sutton .... } } .... Mr. Harrison
A Child, the Son of Cade .... Miss Le Brun
Lord Say .... } { .... Mr. A. W. Fenno
Lord Clifford .... } Nobles { .... Mr. F. B. Conway
Duke of Buckingham .... } { .... Mr. Taylor
Duke of Suffolk .... } { .... Mr. Andrews
Courtnay, Steward to Lord Say .... Mr. Becks
An Officer of Lord Say .... Mr. Goodison
Lords, Officers, Soldiers, Peasants, Bondmen, &c.
Widow Cade, a Niet or Bondwoman to Say and Mother to Jack Cade .... Mrs. Le Brun
Marianne, Wife of Cade .... Mrs. F. B. Conway
Kate Worthy, betrothed to Mowbray .... Miss Athena
The scene is laid in Kent and London, A. D. 1450.
ON SATURDAY NIGHT
Second appearance of the popular Comedian
Mr. F. S. CHANFRAU,
So enthusiastically received on Thursday Evening in his famous impersonation of
TOODLES.
Also first night of the performance of the celebrated
RONZANI'S
NEW BALLET TROUPE.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
NOTICE.
CHANGE OF TIME.
Doors open at 7¼. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.
TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY,
ALSO
SATURDAY,
LAST TWO NIGHTS
FOR THE PRESENT
OF
MR. LESTER WALLACK'S
COMIC DRAMA,
IN
FIVE ACTS, CALLED
CENTRAL PARK;
OR,
THE HOUSE WITH TWO DOORS.
SECURE YOUR SEATS.
Doors open at 7¼; commence at 8 o'clock.
ON MONDAY NEXT, MARCH 11,
BENEFIT OF
Mr. THEODORE MOSS (Treasurer).
A BOLD STROKE FOR A HUSBAND.
WITH AN IMMENSE CAST.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT NIGHTS.
ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT NIGHTS.
ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT NIGHTS.
ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT NIGHTS.
ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT NIGHTS.
ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-EIGHT
ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-EIGHT
ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-EIGHT
THOUSAND PEOPLE HAVE SEEN
THOUSAND PEOPLE HAVE SEEN
THOUSAND PEOPLE HAVE SEEN
THE SEVEN SISTERS.
TO-NIGHT
AND
EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK
Will be presented the successful Burletta of the
SEVEN SISTERS.
SEVEN SISTERS.
SEVEN SISTERS.
SEVEN SISTERS.
SEVEN SISTERS.
SEVEN SISTERS.
SEVEN SISTERS.
SEVEN SISTERS.
SEVEN SISTERS.
SEVEN SISTERS.
Including all the
BEAUTIFUL UNION PICTURES
BEAUTIFUL UNION PICTURES
BEAUTIFUL UNION PICTURES
BEAUTIFUL UNION PICTURES
BEAUTIFUL UNION PICTURES
BEAUTIFUL UNION PICTURES
BEAUTIFUL UNION PICTURES
BEAUTIFUL UNION PICTURES
BEAUTIFUL UNION PICTURES
BEAUTIFUL UNION PICTURES
As exhibited in
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
COLUMBIA AT WASHINGTON'S TOMB.
THE THIRTY-FOUR STATES,
THE EBONY WEDGE,
REPRESENTING THE
GOOD OLD SHIP CONSTITUTION
DESTROYED BY THE
EMANCIPATORS AND FIRE-EATERS.
THE STUMP OF THE LIBERTY TREE,
THE SLAVE SCENE,
THE HAPPY PLANTATION HOME,
CALHOUN'S DREAM
AND
WASHINGTON'S ARMY AT VALLEY FORGE,
LIBERTY AND DIOGENES,
APOTHEOSIS
OF
WASHINGTON AND UNION,
THE ZOUAVE DRILL,
BURLESQUE DANCE,
AND
THE LAST GREAT SCENE,
THE
BIRTH OF THE BUTTERFLY
IN THE
BOWER OF FERNS.
Seats may be secured one week in advance without extra charge. Doors open at half-past six; to commence at half-past seven. Performance terminates at ten o'clock.

WINTER GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager .... A. W. Jackson
LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT
but one, and
FAREWELL BENEFIT
FAREWELL BENEFIT
FAREWELL BENEFIT
of
MISS CUSHMAN.
The public are respectfully informed that this evening must be the last opportunity but one of seeing this world renowned actress in her great impersonation.
To-night (Friday), 8th, she presents for her benefit Sheridan's Comedy of
THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL,
In which she will sustain the character of
LADY TEAZLE.
Mr. Bangor, who has kindly volunteered his services, as Sir Peter Teazle.
Mr. Wallack .... as .... Charles Surface.
with an admirable cast of other characters.
SATURDAY,
LAST NIGHT
OF
MISS CUSHMAN.
On Monday the management will have pleasure in introducing to the public the beautiful young American actress,
MISS JANE COOMBES.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Special Announcement. The Latest Novelty.
The management have much pleasure in announcing an arrangement, for a few nights, with the
CELEBRATED RONZANI,
for the appearance of his
NEW BALLET TROUPE,
Commencing on Saturday night, March 9, 1861,
when will be presented the new Mythological Ballet, in two Tableaux, the
NYMPHS OF THE SEA,
In which
Signorina GALLETTI, Signorina HELE,
Signorina COLLEDE, Signorina ADELFIN,
MARTINNETTI,
Signor COPHOFF, Signor VEZ, &c.,
together with a full Corps de Ballet, &c.
Other novelties will be presented.
Forming one of the most
ATTRACTIVE ENTERTAINMENTS
OF THE SEASON!
See advertisements and bills of the day.

CANTERBURY MUSIC HALL,
663 BROADWAY.
MLLE. MARIETTA, MLLE. MARIETTA,
EVERY NIGHT.

PALACE GARDEN MUSIC HALL.
SKATING, SKATING, SKATING,
TAUGHT IN SIX LESSONS.
The hall will be open daily from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. (Monday and friday evenings excepted.)
The upper saloon reserved exclusively for ladies.
M. HUNT, Professor.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
BENEFIT
OF
Mr. MOSS,
Treasurer,
MONDAY, MARCH 11.
EVERY ARTIST
Connected with this theatre will appear in the
SPLENDID FIVE ACT COMEDY,
A
BOLD STROKE FOR A HUSBAND.
Box book now open.

CANTERBURY MUSIC HALL,
663 BROADWAY.
J. F. WAMBOLD, J. F. WAMBOLD,
EVERY NIGHT.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY AND Troy, connecting with trains North and West.—Trains leave:—

FROM CHAMBERS STREET.	FROM THIRTY FIRST STREET.
Express, 7 and 11 A. M., and 3:30 and 5 P. M.	7:25, 11:20 A. M. and 3:50, 5:25, P. M.
Troy and Albany (with sleeping cars), 9:45 P. M.	10:15 P. M. (Sundays included.)
Poughkeepsie train, 7:30 A. M., 12 M. and 4 P. M.	8 A. M., 12:30 and 4:25 P. M.
Peekskill train, 5:30 P. M.	5:55 P. M.
Sing Sing train, 3:35 and 4:30 P. M.	4 and 4:45 P. M.
Tarrytown train, 6:40 P. M.	7:10 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—For Albany and Troy, connecting with the New York Central Railroad for all points West, Northwest and Southwest; also with the Northern Railroad for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington, Plattsburg, Rouse's Point, Ogdensburg and Montreal:—

FROM TRYON ROW, NEAR CITY HALL.	FROM TWENTY-SIXTH STREET STATION.
Express train, 7 A. M. and 4:20 P. M.	7:20 A. M. and 4:35 P. M. and 10:25 A. M.

Express mail train, 10 A. M.
For Williams' Bridge, White Plains, Croton Falls, and all local trains see time table. 7 o'clock A. M. express train leaves Albany every Sunday morning.
JOHN BURCHILL, Ass't. Supt.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW YORK.
NOTICE.—The opera closes here to-morrow, with a grand Matinee. The company open in Boston on Monday.
THIS FRIDAY, MARCH 8,
FAREWELL NIGHT OF THE OPERA.
The Academy of Music to-night will be illuminated as on the grand night of the Prince of Wales' Ball.
BY GENERAL DEMAND
Verdi's celebrated and latest work,
UN BALLO IN MASCHERA,
(the Masquerade Ball,)
which was received during ten representations with unbounded enthusiasm, will be produced for the eleventh and last time
THIS FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 8,
with COLSON, HINKLEY, PHILLIPS,
BRIGNOLI, FERRI, COLETTI, DUBREUIL.
BALLET DIVERTISEMENT, MUZIO'S GALOP.
Director and conductor .... Sig. Muzio
NOTICE.—All tickets issued for Wednesday night are good for this evening.
TO MORROW, SATURDAY, CLOSE OF THE SEASON,
GRAND GALA MATINEE.
MISS KELLOGG .... LINDA DI CHAMOUNIX.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW YORK.—MATINEE.
Tickets to all parts of the house $1
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, MARCH 9, AT ONE PRECISELY.
LAST GRAND GALA MATINEE.
CLOSE OF THE SEASON.
MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG
will appear in a new character.
Donizetti's charming opera,
LINDA DI CHAMOUNIX,
will be produced for this occasion, with
KELLOGG .... Linda | PHILLIPS .... Pierotto
BRIGNOLI .... Carlo | FERRI .... Antonio
SUSINI .... Prefetto | DUBREUIL .... Marchese
Director and Conductor .... Sig. MUZIO
It is supposed that a great crowd will attend. Therefore, to facilitate the sale of tickets, the following ticket offices have been established, where tickets can be procured to day in advance:—
Academy of Music, Fourteenth street; Siboll's, Wall street; Music stores of C. Breusing, Hall & Sons, Schaefenberg & Luis. Hotels—St. Nicholas, Everett and Fifth Avenue Hotel.
BROOKLYN—Academy of Music, Ross's, Atlantic street, and Prex's, Fulton street.
The doors will be opened at twelve. The Matinee commences at one, and will be over at half-past three.
NOTICE.—Patrons of the Matinee desirous to be upon the stage during the scene of the Masquerade, to make application for cards of admission, they will be supplied without additional charge, but the number must be limited. They also will be supplied with suitable masks and dominoes, but should they desired to bring their own, no objection will be made.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—NEW YORK.
All bills due by the present management of the Artists' Association must be presented for payment on Saturday, as the company leaves for Boston.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC—OPERA.
NOTICE.—The season closes positively to-morrow evening. The company opens Monday in Boston.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, MARCH 9, GRAND GALA
and positively last night of the Opera season in Brooklyn.
BENEFIT OF MISS ISABELLA HINKLEY.
EXTRAORDINARY PERFORMANCE—FOUR PRIMA DONNE.
COLSON, HINKLEY, KELLOGG AND PHILLIPS,
NORMA AND RIGOLETTO.
The performances will consist of the entire Opera of
NORMA.
Bellini's chef d'œuvre.
MADAME COLSON .... as .... Norma.
MISS HINKLEY .... as .... Adalgisa.
SIG. STIGELLI .... as .... Pollio.
SIG. SUSINI .... as .... Oroveso.
Director and Conductor .... SIG. MUZIO
The performance will conclude with the celebrated last act of
RIGOLETTO.
MISS KELLOGG .... as .... Gilda
MISS PHILLIPS .... as .... Maddalena
STIGELLI ... Duke of Mantua. FERRI .... Rigoletto
Director and Conductor .... Sig. MUZIO

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—NEW YORK AND BROOKLYN.
This Friday, farewell night in New York,
UN BALLO IN MASCHERA.
To morrow, Saturday, at one, close of the season in New York,
GRAND GALA MATINEE—KELLOGG.
To-morrow, Saturday evening, in Brooklyn,
BENEFIT OF MISS HINKLEY,
NORMA AND RIGOLETTO.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—NEW YORK AND BROOKLYN.
This Friday, farewell night in New York, for the last time,
UN BALLO IN MASCHERA.
Saturday, at one, close of the season, MATINEE.
MISS KELLOGG IN A NEW ROLE:
LINDA DI CHAMOUNIX.
Same evening in Brooklyn,
GALA AND FAREWELL NIGHT,
BENEFIT OF MISS HINKLEY,
NORMA AND RIGOLETTO. See advertisement.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Sole Proprietors .... Messrs. G. L. Fox & J. W. Lingard.
Friday, March 8, 1861.
ENTIRE CHANGE OF BILL.
THREE GLORIOUS PIECES.
BIRTHDAY OF FREEDOM,
FORTY THIEVES,
AND BLACK EYED SUSAN.
Afternoon performance on Saturday, of HARLEQUIN JACK, THE GIANT KILLER.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
John Greenwood, Jr. .... Superintendent.
P. T. Barnum .... Manager.
Last day but one of that
GREAT DRAMA, THE WOMAN IN WHITE.
It will be performed at 3 and 7½ this P. M.
Last day but one of
THE TWO LIVING AZTEC CHILDREN,
The most wonderful curiosities in the world.
Last day but one also
Of those extraordinary and singular novelties, the
LIVING ALBINO FAMILY,
Who, though born of black parents, are
White as snow, have pure white hair,
And pink eyes, making them objects of great interest to both the curious and scientific. Both these wonders close their exhibition at the Museum on Saturday (to-morrow), as they go to Philadelphia on Monday, the 11th.
Who will fail to see these three novelties, this week, for the last time? when either one of them alone is worth the price of admission to all; and when, in addition, are to be seen those wonderful Wild Animals, the
PERFORMING BEARS, GRIZZLY BEARS, THE GREAT MAMMOTH BEAR, SAMSON; THE GREAT LIVING BLACK SEA LION, the amusing and curious WHAT IS IT? THE BIG SNAKES, GRAND AQUARIA, HAPPY FAMILY, and the whole host of other Wonders and Curiosities, which are nowhere to be found but at BARNUM'S MUSEUM. And yet the price of
Admission is only 25 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

UNION THEATRE,
Chatham street.
Lessee .... Yankee Leffler.
Friday evening, March 8, 1861,
POACHER'S DOOM,
THREE THIEVES,
WIDOW'S VICTIM.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
Mechanics' Hall, 472 Broadway, above Grand street.
Fifth year of this excellent troupe.
MONDAY, March 4, and every night during the week,
JERRY, NEIL and DAN BRYANT,
the popular Comedians, in their laughable acts.
First appearance of the African wonder,
JAPANESE TOMMY; OR, WHAT IS IT?
Rare-high, Dixie, Mississippi Fling, Jack Cade.
Jack Cade .... Dan Bryant | Lord Say .... Jerry Bryant
Doors open at 6¾ o'clock; Curtain rises at 7½. Tickets 25 cents.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
THRONGED LAST NIGHT
THRONGED LAST NIGHT
THRONGED LAST NIGHT
In every part with the
Fashion and Intelligence of Brooklyn.
Fashion and Intelligence of Brooklyn.
To night (Friday), March 8,
To-night (Friday), March 8,
To-night (Friday), March 8.
LAST NIGHT OF THE THREE
LAST NIGHT OF THE THREE
LAST NIGHT OF THE THREE
for which
PROFESSOR ANDERSON
PROFESSOR ANDERSON
PROFESSOR ANDERSON
Obtained the use of this beautiful building.
Last night of the Wondrous Performance.
Last night of the Wondrous Performance.
Last night in Wonder World.
Last night in Wonder World.
Seats should be secured very early in the day, or front ones cannot be obtained. So large was the attendance last evening that it is most earnestly advised to those coming tonight that they secure their seats beforehand.
Admission 50 cents to Parquet, Balcony and Dress Circle. Seats pre-engaged in any of these 25 cents extra. Family circle 25 cents only.
Doors open at 7; commence at 8.

CANTERBURY MUSIC HALL,
663 BROADWAY.
ALWAYS FIRST CLASS TALENT,
ALWAYS FIRST CLASS AUDIENCES.
No pretension to cheapness; the quality and number of artists engaged making it impossible.
SAM COWELL, SAM COWELL,
EVERY NIGHT.
Last six nights of the great
OGDEN,
Last six nights of the great
OGDEN,
As he positively sings in Philadelphia, Monday, 11th inst.
FOX & CURRAN, Proprietors.
Comis. Norris, Treasurer.

MR. CHARLES R. MATURIN WILL (BY THE UNIversal request of a crowded house) repeat his agreeable entertainment (with a varied programme), consisting of recitations from Shakspere and the Poets, entirely from memory, on Friday, March 8, 1861, at Clinton Hall. Tickets 25 cents. Entertainment to commence at 8 o'clock.

DODWORTH'S ROOMS.
MISS EMMA ROWCROFT
Will give a Matinee Musicale on Tuesday, March 12. The first part to consist entirely of sacred music. Tickets $1. To be had at the music stores of Messrs. Hall & Sons, Firth & Pond, Breusing & Co., Shafenburg & Luis, and at Dodworth's rooms. Further particulars duly announced.

NEW YORKER STADT THEATRE 37 & 39 BOWERY.—German Opera. Third night of
ORPHEUS IN DER UNTERWELT.
Burlesque Opera by Cremieux and Offenbach.

CANTERBURY MUSIC HALL,
663 BROADWAY.
SAM COWELL, SAM COWELL,
EVERY NIGHT.

PALACE GARDEN MUSIC HALL.
GRAND CARNIVAL! GRAND CARNIVAL!
MONDAY EVENING, March 18, 1861.
Subscribers can procure tickets by applying at the office. Hall to let for Balls, Fairs, &c.

RETURNED.
PAGE'S "VENUS."
This great Picture is attracting immense attention, and has been seen by upwards of
FORTY THOUSAND
persons in New York alone.
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN GALLERY OF PAINTINGS,
No. 548 Broadway.
Open day and evening. Admission 25 cents.

THEATRE FRANCAIS, 585 BROADWAY.—SAMEDI, 9 Mars, 1861.
UN CHAPEAU DE PAILLE D'ITALIE,
Vaudeville en cinq actes, mêlé de chants, de Marc Michel.

CANTERBURY MUSIC HALL,
663 BROADWAY.
J. H. OGDEN, J. H. OGDEN,
EVERY NIGHT.

THE ONLY PLACE OF AMUSEMENT UP TOWN WILL open on Saturday evening, March 9, at 8 o'clock. The Union Concert Room, 12 cents admission, which will be returned in refreshments. A variety of clever artists engaged. JAMES LEWIS, Proprietor.

WANTED—TWO WAITER GIRLS FOR A CONCERT room. Apply at the Union Concert Room, 606 Third avenue.

WANTED—A GOOD BANJO SOLO PLAYER. INquire at the Union Concert Room, 606 Third avenue.

WANTED—A GOOD BALLET DANCER. INQUIRE AT the Union Concert Room, 606 Third avenue.

OUR NATIONAL TROUBLES.

Important from Montgomery, New Orleans and Texas—Transfer of the United States Funds Seized by Louisiana to the Southern Confederacy—The Free Navigation of the Mississippi to be Guaranteed—The Bark Adjuster Surrendered by Governor Brown, of Georgia—The Virginia and Missouri Conventions, &c., &c., &c.

IMPORTANT PROCEEDING IN THE LOUISIANA CONVENTION.

NEW ORLEANS, March 7, 1861.

The Convention in secret session to-day passed an ordinance, transferring to the government of the Confederate States five hundred and thirty-six thousand dollars, being the amount of bullion found and customs seized by the State. There was a highly exciting and patriotic debate.

IMPORTANT FROM MONTGOMERY.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

MONTGOMERY, March 7, 1861.

Mr. [illegible] reported a bill providing, in the event of a conflict or the refusal of the United States to recognize the independence of the confederacy, that no court of the [illegible] States shall have cognizance of civil cases of citizens of the United States, and all pending cases to be dismissed.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the President to appoint the Commissioners to the European Powers to enter into a treaty for the extension of international copyright privileges.

Braxton Bragg was confirmed as Brigadier General. Wm. J. Hardee was confirmed as Colonel of the First regiment of infantry.

OUR MONTGOMERY CORRESPONDENCE.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., March 2, 1861.

Importance of the Navigation of the Mississippi to the Southern Confederacy—The Policy of President Davis, &c.

I have had several conversations with gentlemen familiar with the views of President Davis and those deeply engaged in the formation of the new confederacy. From the tone of their conversation I am led to believe that they look upon the Mississippi river as the backbone of the new empire, and that the policy of the Southern government will be shaped, as far as possible, to conciliate and attract the States lying upon its banks and those of its tributaries.

It is Mr. Benjamin's great knowledge of commercial law and the questions of fluvial navigation and riverine rights that has caused him to be called to the Cabinet of Mr. Davis, and it is believed that Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas, and eventually Arkansas, will all unite in sustaining the policy of attracting the States in the valley of the Mississippi to this confederacy. There lies the true seat of empire on this continent, and the aim of the [illegible]

[illegible]

SHIPPING NEWS.

ALMANAC FOR NEW YORK—THIS DAY.

SUN RISES	6 24	MOON RISES ... morn	4 45
SUN SETS	5 59	HIGH WATER ... eve	6 39

Port of New York, March 7, 1861.

CLEARED.

Steamship Star of the South, Kearney, Savannah—Samuel L Mitchill & Son.

Steamship Roanoke, Couch, Norfolk, &c—Ludlam & Heineken.

Steamship [illegible], Gager, Baltimore—G B Cromwell & Co.

Ship Red Rover, Warsaw, Liverpool—R L Taylor.

Ship Pampero, Lea[illegible], Havre—Boyd & Hincken.

Ship Hero, Lombe[illegible], Antwerp—W F Schmidt.

Bark Wilhelmine, Brown, Bristol—Oelrichs & Co.

Bark Brasiliera, [illegible], Rio Janeiro—G S Coit.

Brig Titania (Prus), Fierke, Cork or Falmouth for orders—A Wendt & Co.

Brig T Owen, Pettengill, Neuvitas—T Owen & Son.

Brig A Thaxter, Eaton, Wilmington, NC—D C Murray.

Schr B O'Brien (Br), Hartigan, Halifax—J Hunter & Co.

Schr Lord Raglan (Br), Sterling, Halifax—Whitman Bros & Co.

Schr Sea Ranger, Hinckley, Savannah—McCready, Mott & Co.

Schr Ned, Thompson, Charleston—E S Powell.

Schr Marshall, Chichester, Richmond—C H Pierson.

Schr Bergen, Cole, Petersburg—master.

Schr S A Taylor, Drake, Smithfield—T G Benton & Co.

Schr Fannie, Vance, Philadelphia—J Hand.

Schr Kossuth, Lee, Portsmouth—S W Lewis.

Schr C C Comstock, Jerome, New London—S Godwin.

Steamer Boston, Crocker, Philadelphia.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Bremen (Brem), Wessels, Bremen, Feb 15, via Southampton 23th, at 9 PM, with mdse and passengers, to Gelpcke, Kentgen & Reichelt. Had heavy W gales the entire passage. Has $17,000 in specie.

Steamship Yorktown, Parrish, Richmond, &c, with mdse and passengers, to Ludlam & Heineken. 6th inst, 1½ PM, off Old Point Comfort, passed steamship Jamestown, hence for Norfolk, &c.

Ship Albert Gallatin, Delano, Liverpool, 47 days, with mdse, to C Grinnell. Came out the N Channel and made a high N passage, and had continual W gales throughout; has been 17 days W of the Banks. On the 3d day out from Liverpool the ship sprung aleak, requiring constant pumping to keep her free. 6th inst, off Block Island, took a pilot from boat David Mitchell, No 5. Anchored on the bar 6th, PM.

Brig Eliza M Strong (of St George, Me), Strong, Havana, [illegible]

[illegible]